# Provisioner

ading Publication in the Meat Packing and Allied Industries Since 1891

Accurate weight...
No scales!

VISKING

HE VISKING CORPO

IN CANADA, VISKING



## Buffalo

## QUALITY SAUSAGE MACHINERY

for more than 80 years

\* BUFFALO equipment is noted for its sound design . . . sturdy construction . . . safety and sanitation . . . dependable performance and coast-to-coast factory service. BUFFALO is first in offering new proved features that increase plant efficiency and protect product quality.

## John E. Smith's Sons Co.

BUFFALO 3, N. Y. Sales and Service Offices in Principal Cities

## The Industry's FAVORITE Mixer

Extra heavy paddles are scientifically shaped and arranged to give thorough, uniform mixing. Silent chain drive is a very satisfying feature. Ruggedly constructed throughout . . . heavy gage sheet steel tub (stainless optional) . . . sturdy shafts with big leakproof bearings and sruffing boxes. No wonder BUFFALO Mixers (standard, vacuum and steam jacketed) withstand years of continuous service! Make your next mixer a BUFFALO.





Widest range of sizes

Greatest variety of types



## Send for these informative Booklets

JOHN E. SMITH'S SONS CO., 50 Broadway, Buffalo 3, N. Y.

I am	interested	in	the	following:
Silent	Cutter		Sm	okemaster

Mixer		Grinder	
Casing	Applier	Stuffer	

Casing	Applier	Stuffer

Head Cheese Cutter
Pork Fat Cuber
Combination of Specia
Purpose Equipment



Whether you have a truck or a trailer to refrigerate, whether you want a semi-automatic or fully automatic operation, Kold-Hold can give you a better answer to your refrigeration problems. The addition of Kold-Trux "Mobilmatic" Highside Units to the proven line of Kold-Hold Lowsides provides several ways to refrigerate transportation equipment efficiently and economically. Kold-Trux Units can be used with "Hold-Over," Thin "Hold-Over" or Quick Action Plates to supply completely automatic and thermostatically controlled refrigeration requiring no attention from the

driver. It is driven from a live axle, propeller shaft, or power take-off and engages and disengages without shock to the engine or transmission. A specially designed "Hydro-Pack" Blower is available for use with this system in high temperature application.

For semi-automatic operation, the newly redesigned "Hold-Over" Plates can be used with a mounted compressor or make-and-break connections to maintain predetermined truck temperatures for day-long trips.

Whatever your truck refrigeration needs, you can be sure of the right answer from Kold-Hold.

#### Which of these methods is best for you?



ets

Y.

ter

pecial

Which do you prefer . . . Mobile or Hold-Over truck refrigeration? Kold-Hold can give you either or a combination of both.

When your weather worries start, pick out the routes with the biggest refrigeration problems and call on Kold-Hold to give you a satisfactory solution. They will give you the right combination for your needs from such highsides as the Kold-Trux Mobile Unit, a mounted compressor, or make-and-break assemblies, coupled to such lowsides as Kold-Hold Hold-Over Plates, Thin Plates, Serpentine Quick-Action Plates, or Blowers.

Why not give us the details of your problems and let our engineers find the most efficient solution for you. Write today for details.



HOLD-OVER PLATES



Tell us your truck refrigeration problems and send now for complete data and literature.





You can't put in better-tasting seasonings than Banquet Brand PURE Pepper and Spices—from McCormick, the World's Largest Spice and Extract House! McCormick means unequalled flavor penetration and retention! Tell your McCormick Banquet Brand man your needs—let the McCormick resources and laboratories work for YOU!



Contact your local McCormick office or write to:

McCORMICK & CO., Inc.

WORLD'S LARGEST SPICE AND EXTRACT HOUSE

Baltimore 2, Maryland



**VOLUME 128** 

MAY 2, 1953

NUMBER 18

#### Contents

AMI Announces Convention Dates 7
Packers Speak at AFL Meeting 8
Animal Bruise Loss Display 9
"Sandy" Tells How To Sell Beef10
Making the Container Fit the Product11
Merchandising Trends and Ideas13
Up and Down the Meat Trail17
New Equipment and Supplies20
Classified Advertising36

#### EDITORIAL STAFF

EDWARD R. SWEM, Vice President and Editor VERNON A. PRESCOTT, Managing Editor HELEN P. McGUIRE, Associate Editor GREGORY PIETRASZEK, Technical Editor GUST HILL, Market Editor

#### ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT

15 W. Huron St., Chicago 10, Ill. Telephone: WHitehall 4-3380

HARVEY W. WERNECKE, Vice President and Sales Manager

FRANK N. DAVIS ROBERT DAVIES

F. A. MacDONALD, Production Manager

CHARLES W. REYNOLDS, New York Representative, 18 E. 41st St. (17) Tel. LExington 2-9092, 2-9093

Los Angeles: McDONALD-THOMPSON, 3727 W. 6th St. (5) Tel. DUnkirk 7-5391

San Francisco: McDONALD-THOMPSON, 625 Market St. (5) Tel. YUkon 6-0647

Seattle: McDONALD-THOMPSON, Terminal Sales Bldg. (1) Tel. Main 3860

#### DAILY MARKET SERVICE (Mail and Wire)

#### EXECUTIVE STAFF OF THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER. INC., Publisher of

THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER DAILY MARKET SERVICE ANNUAL MEAT PACKERS GUIDE

THOMAS McERLEAN, Chairman of the Board LESTER I, NORTON, President A. W. VOORHEES, Secretary

Published weekly at 15 West Huron St., Chicago 10, Ill., U.S.A., by the National Provisioner, Inc. Yearly subscriptions: U.S., \$4.50; Canada, \$6.50; Foreign countries, \$6.50. Single copies, 25 cents. Copyright 1953 by the National Provisioner, Inc. Trade Mark registered in U.S. Patent Office. Entered as second-class matter October 9, 1919, at the Post Office at Chicago, Ill., under the act of March 3, 1879.

1

3

20

36

192

W

625

rles

AL

scrip-

y 2, 1953



#### **AMI Announces Annual Meeting Dates**

The forty-eighth annual meeting of the AMI will be held October 2 through October 6, 1953, in the Palmer House, Chicago. Following the procedure of the last few years, which has proved popular with members, the meetings will be divided into two sections—the technical or sectional meetings will be scheduled on Friday and Saturday, October 2 and 3, and the general sessions on Monday and Tuesday, October 5 and 6. Plans for an outstanding exhibit of packinghouse machinery and supplies already are underway.

#### AMI Directors Will Meet in Des Moines

Following a custom started several years ago of holding directors' meetings in various parts of the United States, the American Meat Institute is planning a trip to Iowa the last of May. Headquarters during the three-day meeting will be maintained at the Fort Des Moines hotel, Des Moines.

Tuesday, May 6, will be spent observing various agricultural projects underway at Iowa State college at Ames. The AMI directors will attend a luncheon there, sponsored by the college, the Iowa Swine Producers' Association and other livestock leaders of the state. Special events the following day include luncheon at the Fort Des Moines with the Iowa Manufacturers Association and the Iowa Farm Bureau Federation; a hog carcass demonstration at a Des Moines plant, and a visit to the Meredith Publishing Co. On the third day the group will visit a number of nearby Iowa farms.

#### Another Chemical Additive Bill Introduced

A bill to give the Food and Drug Administration authority to regulate new chemical additives to food or pesticides (HR 4901) has been introduced in the House by Representative A. L. Miller. Like an earlier bill (HR 2245) by Representative James Delaney, the Miller bill would provide that before chemical additives could be marketed they would have to be proved safe to the satisfaction of FDA. Delaney served as chairman of a special House committee which investigated additives a couple of years ago while Miller was a committee member. The major difference between the two bills is that the measure backed by Miller would provide for appointment of an impartial board of experts to weigh disputed claims about the safety of additives.

#### Packers Address AFL Conference

The Amalgamated Meat Cutters & Butcher Workmen made history this week with its big Chicago conference. The meeting was called primarily to inform union membership on industry problems. The gathering is unique in worker-employer relations in that the delegates heard mainly management's views, including five executives of major meat packers and the president of a packer trade association. For the Provisioner's coverage of the conference, see page 8.

#### **USDA** Makes Additional Beef Purchases

On Wednesday USDA announced the purchase of 800,000 lbs. of canned beef and gravy for export to Greece and an additional 63,000 lbs. of frozen boneless beef with Section 32 funds. The canned beef purchase concludes procurement of that item under a current Mutual Security Agency requisition for export to Greece. The purchase with Section 32 funds brings the total under this program to 798,000 lbs.



300 union delegates who heard packers talk on industry progress at unique meeting this week.

## AFL Holds Week-Long Session To Hear Packer Ideas on Mutual Problems



SCHUMACHER
"Consumers like to pinch packages..."



COFFMAN
"More benefits than most industries..."

REATER understanding between union and employer was the major purpose of a national conference held this week by the Amalgamated Meat Cutters & Butcher Workmen of North America, AFL. About 300 delegates, representing local unions which have contracts with meat packers, attended the Chicago meeting.

The group heard leading packers and other employers give their views on such subjects as technological advances, research, industry economics and selfservice meats.

The two top international officers, E. W. Jimerson, president, and Patrick E. Gorman, secretary-treasurer, set the tone of the meeting in their opening addresses.

"The only way that full employment and the highest standard of living can be achieved," Gorman said, "is for the employers and the union to show a willingness to meet and exchange ideas and learn to understand the many problems which affect the industry.

"The Amalgamated is not now, and never has, stood in the way of technological progress. We accept innovation of new machines wherever they can increase productivity for the benefit of our entire national population. We shall, however, always seek to maintain full employment and a high level of wages so that the economic gains will never be depreciated."

The convention speakers—each an expert in his own field—dealt with various industry problems.

Henry Schumacher, manager of Swift

& Company's merchandising service, discussed new methods of merchandising, particularly prepackaging for self-service. He indicated that, with the economies effected by mass production and the development of new markets for by-products, the meat business has grown—and will continue to grow so long as the changes are economically sound.

J. W. Coffman, vice president of Kingan & Co., Indianapolis, reviewed the history of collective bargaining from the early 1930's to the present. He pointed out that the bright spot in the progress made through peaceful collective bargaining is the many fringe benefits which employes in the industry enjoy—more than workers in any other major national industry. With new technological improvements in the processing end, he expressed the hope that conditions of the industry will improve even more than in the past.

Oscar Mayer, III, vice president, Oscar Mayer & Co., spoke on "Economic Problems Concerning Both Management and Labor." Among other things, he contended that the price of meat at wholesale and retail levels depends primarily upon supply and demand and, unlike many other major industries, is not determined by the cost of the product or wages.

Wesley Hardenbergh, president, American Meat Institute, discussed "Research Problems in the Meat In-

Frank D. Green, vice president of Armour and Company, introduced two speakers from his firm. Sam Teitelman, manager of market research, talked on "The Problem of Self-Service." E. L. Heckler, manager of public relations, discussed that phase of the meat packing industry's activities.

Max Cullen, director of meat merchandising for the National Live Stock and Meat Board, presented a meat cutting demonstration at one of the sessions. Representatives of large retail chains also spoke.

Union delegates at the meeting unanimously authorized the national packinghouse negotiating committee to take immediate steps to reopen the master agreements with the four major packers to negotiate a general wage increase and a program for insurance, hospitalization, medical and surgical care.

Another action taken by the delegates was to approve a program pertaining to importation of meat and meat products. Recognizing that in order to achieve a stable world economy, it is necessary for this country to purchase goods and services from our friendly allies, the union will cooperate with all other organizations to retain a well-balanced foreign trade program.

Excerpts from the speeches delivered at the meeting are given here.

#### COFFMAN-

service.

handis-

for selfith the

duction

markets

ess has

row so

mically

dent of

eviewed

gaining

present.

spot in eaceful

v fringe

ndustry

v other

th new

the pro-

pe that

improve

ent, Os-

conomic

Ianage-

things,

meat at

nds pri-

nd and,

tries, is

of the

esident.

iscussed

eat In-

dent of

ced two

2, 1953

"Through collective bargaining came the benefits of a minimum work week. As I recall, the packing industry was one of the first to embark on a program for a guaranteed minimum work week for all regularly employed workers.

"There were also other benefits of a major nature in the form of improved wage rates, recognition of seniority, rate differential for shift workers, paid vacations, extra compensation for emergency work, premium pay for overtime and holidays, life insurance, group surgical and hospitalization insurance, sick leave benefits, improved medical services, allowances for clothes-changing time, holiday pay, clothing and meal allowances, and retirement income.

"The end result of these improved wage and other benefits has had the effect of more attractive incentives. Overtime pay is considerable and leisure hours are enjoyed to a greater degree, all of which permits the worker greater freedom of action, improved sense of security which enables him and his family to take their place with dignity within their community.

"There has been for some time, and currently is, a friendly and cooperative attitude between packinghouse managements, their working forces, and those who represent the workers. The trend in collective bargaining is to continue a frank and friendly attitude towards problems of mutual interest.

"As progress was made in collective bargaining, it is to be noted in a great many instances we lost some ground as it applies to pride of workmanship. I would urge that every employe take enough pride in his workmanship to make certain that each lot of merchandise will meet high standards of quality.

"I would also urge that we at all times keep in mind that we cannot have a full measure of both freedom of action and security. It should be noted that if we have all of the freedom of action that we desire, we are likely to have less security or vice versa. It should be kept in mind that there must be a balance maintained with this respect to protect our mutual interests.

"We must face the facts that there must be greater productivity. In my opinion, greater productivity is the only means with which we can hope to maintain our way of life."

#### SCHUMACHER-

"Just before World War II some combination food stores decided to expand their self-serve grocery operation to meats, and self-serve meat departments showed sales increases.

"The conversion to self-serve groceries was gradual, but the conversion from service to self-service meats will be even more gradual because many housewives today rely on their dealer to get the quality they want and information about meat.

"As we look at the modern food store, we realize that we must do everything we can to promote the sale of meat. Thirty years ago a store was selling around 1,000 items. Today the store offers 5,000 items for sale.

"If customers can't buy meat at nights, they will buy other products. They just won't be regimented-and they don't have to with the wide assortment of other foods that are offered in the store of today. Self-serve meat could permit daytime working and night-time selling. Customers would simply serve themselves from the selfserve case at night, the preparation by the meat-man done in the daytime. If we in the meat business do not make it possible for the customer to buy the products we produce in our plant when the customer wants to do so, we are working to our own disadvantage. After all, our job is to sell meat whether it's service or self-service.

"Meat packers traditionally have re-(Continued on page 22)



#### DRAMATIC ANIMAL BRUISE LOSS DISPLAY

"No Fairy-Tale This" was the attention-getting title of a 20-ft. multiple unit display designed by Livestock Conservation, Inc., and used at the recent 1953 Iowa State Spring Market Hog Show at Cedar Rapids. The display features proper hog marketing practices which will bring the highest return.

One of the units was an array of actual pieces of bruised pork cuts and the corresponding dollar losses they represented. Another demonstration featured was a 16-in. pitchfork tine removed from the back of a hog during processing (on board at far-right in the picture). Various bruise weapons used to drive hogs—a collection which would frighten a gangster—completed the exhibit.

The display itself created a great deal of comment. Its children's story motif effectively drove home the principle of the profits to be gained through livestock conservation.

Highlight of the show was a discussion on the desirable characteristics and probable market trends in the swine business, presented by W. F. Etz, vice president in charge of the provision department, Wilson & Co., Chicago.

The purpose of the show is to interest the Iowa farmer to produce to meet the needs of the swine market. This year's sponsorship came from the Iowa Swine Breeders Association, Agricultural Bureau of the Cedar Rapids Chamber of Commerce and Wilson & Co.

The National Provisioner—May 2, 1953



## SANDY

The cooler salesman

cor bu

rig sa

wh

ard ou be wi

tir

kn of we he th ev bu

su

in

ex

ag

sp

tie

sh

of

ni

tie

pı

# Tells How To Sell Beef

UST call me Sandy.

I've been a beef salesman for more than 25 years. During that time I've learned a lit of things about selling beef—and many of them were taught me by five or six men who preceded me in the business.

Now it's time for me to pass along a little of my knowledge and experience to younger cooler salesmen.

The fundamentals of selling beef, veal and lamb were taught to me by one of the best salesmen in the business. This man knew beef; he knew figures; he knew the language and butchers like to hear—"these cattle will make you a nice profit or build your business." He never lied to a customer. Confidence was his greatest weapon. I learned never to lie to a customer; tell the truth.

First, learn all you can about beef—the confirmation, the finish and the quality. Learn to know the people you deal with.

Beef men do not go out on the street. They are advanced men who stay in the plant and keep the packinghouse going. Keep in mind one thing, if beef, veal, lamb and pork are not sold they cannot be killed and the plant cannot operate. Learn your customers; learn the kind of beef they use; that is whether they use cows, bulls, steers or heifers.

Some customers want lean cows, so please do not sell them lean cows and then send them fat ones. If you do not have what the man wants, tell him so. He'll like you the better for your honesty and you can then try to sell him what you do have.

If a butcher wants a 450-lb. steer, don't send him a steer weighing 300-lbs. or 600-lbs. and expect him to keep it. Even though he may accept it, don't be too happy about it as you may lose him.

Lots of times the boss may get you rattled by asking "who are you working for". You may as well tell him you are working for every butcher you know because, without customers, you are lost.

Remember one thing. When you sell customers who do not see the beef, don't forget that beef is not molded—it grows. If you build up too good a picture, your customer imagines a better one. Then, regardless of how good the beef you send him may be, it is nothing as fine as he expects. Remember, you help your boss when you gain a customer. You also help him by not having beef returned.

I was once told "I'll never fire you for selling beef; I may tell you about it when you sell too cheap, but if you let beef hang too long and become distressed merchandise, too old for even a decent cheap sale, look out."

I personally feel that beef should be sold within a few days from the time of slaughter.

One of the best ways to help your boss is by always being truthful with him. Even if you get "bawled out," tell the truth. Why? So he will know how to buy. If the market is one price, don't say you can get more just to make him happy. He will be very unhappy when he sees the result. If you tell your boss the truth, he can buy live cattle accordingly.

You can help your boss by not being a center cut salesman. Learn to sell all kinds of beef and all classes. There are times when your boss cannot obtain perfect cattle. Never ridicule any purchases the buyer makes. Remember, beef is money and who can ridicule money? The buyer, like you, knows when he has made a mistake. I, just once, told the boss "I can't sell those heavy cattle." The boss' answer to that was "you can if you will; you will if you stay here." I sold them.

Remember, the first few cattle you sell out of a lot or rail, do not tell the story. The last few tail-enders do. It's better to sell the rail for the right price and make money than to pick your best cattle to sell and forget the rest. Always think of this: If I sell the best for this price, what will I receive for the poorer ones? If you have customers who cream your better cattle, charge them the top dollar. Even your cheap buyer will try to top your cooler and leave you with the poor end. Watch them.

Cows are frequently bought by jobbers. They usually buy a rail at a time so it is best to line up your cows accordingly. Never keep your good cows with cutters or canners as they make the better cows look bad. Line your good cows on one rail and if you have a few that don't book so good, maybe a yellow cast or weak on cover, mix them in. Keep a few of your better cows on each end of your rail. A good trick, where you can do it, is to line three or four good cows, a couple off breed, three or four good cows, etc. Do the same with your good steers and heifers.

Be sure your customer has all ten fingers. I learned this from a sale made years ago by one of the best cooler salesmen in the business. He had priced a lot of cows straight across for 10c. The salesman and customer spent some time looking the beef over and, after some arguing the customer decided to look them over again. When he walked to the far end of the cooler, he turned and held up all fingers. Our salesman said "O.K.," thinking it was 10c a pound. When it came time to write up the sale, he found out the customer had one thumb cut off at the knuckle. He got the

cows for 91/2c. In those days 1/2c did not mean too much, but you can imagine the loss today.

Don't be the type that runs to the boss with every sale. Learn to make your own decisions and try to make them right. However, you should keep your boss posted on your sales as the market means being in business to him.

Remember, if you have a sharp buyer, come early in the

morning. The market is usually up.

One sure way to tell a rising market is when customers whom you have tried to reach begin calling you and want to do business. Check with your chain stores. Chain stores are no chiselers. They need a steady supply of beef and will always pay market because they cannot afford to run out of beef. They will also tell you when the market drops because they depend on you if you have been doing business with them steadily. They know you are interested in their business and are killing cattle for them.

All kinds and types of customers are needed. There are times when cleanup men are necessary-buyers who will purchase anything so long as it is cheap. There are times when you are going to have undesirable beef, or occasions when beef just will not move and sales are down. When these times come, talk with your boss. He probably already knows the market is bad, but let him know you are thinking of his best interests. There may be some reason why he wants to keep his kill volume up and keep moving beef, or he may want to cut his slaughter and lay off men until things start breaking better. Try to relieve the boss from every worry you can so that he can concentrate on his buying or business conditions.

The boss usually has a nice way of telling you at times that the cattle are worth more than you are getting for them. If he is right, say so. If he is wrong, say as little as possible but tell him what the market is. If you are right, he will tell you to sell. If he knows before you do that the market is stronger, he will tell you to hold. It may be that the boss is just checking you. Most real bosses don't want a "yes" man, but do want a man who is honest with them, who speaks what he thinks and stands his ground. Remember, if the boss thought enough of you to put you in charge of pricing his cooler, he respects your knowledge. I am one cooler man who does not believe everyone

should know the rail cost on beef. We all know that if it looks cheap, we have a tendency to sell cheap. If it is too high, we hold too long. Sell on the market but make it a point to know your market. Don't listen to what other packers are doing-find out. Read your Daily Market report and you will then be able to judge whether cattle are up,

down or steady.

Here are a couple of more things to remember:

The first important act of any salesman is to be sure to check his customer's credit. Second, if a party accepts beef at \$2.00 a cwt. above market-beware.

Get your money when due, or do not sell unless your credit manager gives the word. Work hand in hand with the credit manager. All kinds of tricks are pulled by all kinds of customers.

EDITOR'S NOTE: Another article by "Sandy" on "Breaking Beef" will appear in an early issue of THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER.

few

ways

' tell

rket

him

sult.

attle

ales-

here

ttle.

nber,

iver.

once,

boss

you

t or

do.

nake

the

rice.

tom-

llar.

eave

ally

ord-

ners

cows

rood.

Keep

good

ows.

same

this

ales-

ight

time

mer

the

gers.

und.

the

the

1953

Sausage is inserted in box . . .



Ears are glued and pressed.

#### Making the Container Fit the Product

THE streamlining of a shipping con-L tainer to fit the product, with resultant economies in container cost, is exemplified by the carton developed by the Rose Packing Co., Chicago, working in conjunction with the Stone Container Corp. of the same city. Besides expediting the job of packing the product, and subsequent handling and storage, adoption of the new container has reduced the container costs for the specific product by \$10,000 per year.

William R. Rose, plant engineer, noticed that the conventional carton for shipping Canadian bacon, a major item of production at the Rose plant, furnished an excessive amount of protection in some respects, but offered the product minimum protection in stack-The conventional flaps, which were lapped inward, glued and sealed, added to the cost of the unit without adding to its strength. The container in use at the time was 6 in. deep and the long, relatively thin pieces of Canadian bacon were placed in it in two layers. Rose felt that the sides of the box provided a minimum of stacking protection with the bulk of the weight load being transferred to the product itself.

Accordingly, he and W. R. Gleason, plant superintendent, experimented with various types of containers supplied by the Stone organization. First, it was decided that the comparative light weight of the product did not require the strength of fibreboard, thus corrugated boxes were selected. It was further decided that the principal objective was to prevent crushing during handling and storage, and that the telescope type box with its equivalent of reinforced walls would give the best protection. After various boxes were manufactured and tested in shipping and storage, a box 38 in. x 13% in. x 31/2 in. was selected. The box has maximum wall strength. During tests, the empty boxes were stacked two abreast to a height of 4 ft. and a 2,000 lb. load placed on top of them. There was no evidence of buckling.

Rose and Gleason decided the box should be sealed by glueing, as the flat and extended surface of the container did not lend itself to wire or band tying. However, there was no known way of glueing the telescope box. Necessity was the mother of invention. The bottom part of the box was provided with four lan ears which, when the top was placed in position, would protrude above The ears are used to provide the sealing surface on which the glue is applied. Industrial tape is used to supplement the seal of the four ears.

In actual packaging operation, four to five pieces of Canadian bacon are placed in the container by the first operator who calls out the piece and weight count. The next operator places the top over the ears and glues the ears, pressing them down to the top of the box. He then places an iron frame on top of the ears. Weighing about 10 lbs., and provided with a handle for easy lifting, the frame has four stubs which rest on the ears. The final operator makes a seal with industrial tape. The boxes ride on a roller conveyor to the takeoff station where the metal frame is removed and the sealed carton placed on a pallet for storage or shipping. The cartons are stacked to a convenient height of about 18 and moved about by an industrial truck. Palletized movement of the product throughout its entire distribution pattern has materially reduced the handling requirements. The boxes will fit two abreast on a standard grocery pallet.



"BOSS" Grinders are built in a variety of styles, and with drives and capacities and hardened and ground he

"BOSS" Grinders are built in a variety of styles, and with drives and capacities (800 to 15,000 pounds per hour) to meet the requirements of each individual user. The grinder illustrated is the "BOSS" GRINDER No. 523. It is operated by a

standard motor through flexible coupling and hardened and ground helical gear, planetary lype reducer, totally enclosed and running in oil. Base is of heavy cast iron construction. Oversize hopper of heavy steel, Super-Feed Cylinder, Feed Screw, and Ring are hot tinned after fabrication. It is built in two sizes: 25 H. P. (10,000 pounds per hour with super-feed cylinder and screw) and 40 H. P. (15,000 pounds per hour with super-feed cylinder and screw).

#### AND GRIND FOR LESS

"BOSS" Grinders meet all requirements for economy and convenience of operation. Bearings are ample in size, properly designed, and easy of access. Hoppers can be fed from floor level, and tilted for access to cylinders. Cylinders clear all standard size sausage trucks. Parts which are subject to wear are also economical to buy and convenient to replace.

DO THIS! Write today for a free copy of our Sausage Machinery Catalog No. 627-A. It gives complete details of construction and operation

for this and other "BOSS" Grinders, and for the "BOSS" line of Cutters, Stuffers, and Mixers. You may need such information soon.

Inquiries from the Chicago area should be addressed to The Cincinnati Butchers' Supply Company, 824 West Exchange Avenue, Chicago 9, III.

THE Cincinnati BUTCHERS' SUPPLY COMPANY CINCINNATI 16, OHIO



is b

list

Th

for V when in at conta De made opera with clain hand Th ent prob said wife in a atte pack Tigh quir In has and ado deve L fact Con Co.,

## **MERCHANDISING**

TRENDS AND IDEAS

#### Success Story:

Good Lard Deserves Attractive Container

Lard ceased to be a selling problem for William Focke's Sons Co., Dayton, when it began packaging this product in attractively imprinted, round, rigid containers, the company revealed.

containers, the company revealed.

Decision to switch packages was made despite the fact that the firm's operations department was satisfied with the traditional package. They claimed the old one was suitable to a hand operation by a few employes.

The sales department took a different approach. After a survey of the problem, Sales Manager Elmer Focke said he felt the only chance the packer has to fill his share of the housewife's shortening needs is to pack lard in a container which will attract her attention and serve as a real utility package that withstands the punishment of repeated handling. The "Liquid Tight" paper container meets those requirements.

In general, the Focke management has become convinced that first-grade lard must carry a first-grade package and that if this principle were widely adopted in the industry it would help develop a little better price.

Liquid Tight Containers are manufactured by Champion Container Co., Continental Can Co., Fonda Container Co., Michigan Paper Tube and Can Co., Miro Container Co., Sealright Co. and Sutherland Paper Co.

#### Salesmen's Wives Back Husbands to Hilt in Dixie Wiener Contest

By means of a contest which offered prizes to salesmen's wives, Dixie Packing Co., Arabi, La., increased its wiener sales 156 per cent during the Lenten season, when meat sales usually are dull.

The company's 12 salesmen were divided into four teams of three each. Key men in the company, including the office manager and the shipping clerk, were placed as captains. To instill enthusiasm, the contest was announced at a dinner-dance.

The competition ended a week before Easter, at which time the cash prizes were presented: To the wife of the salesman selling the most Dixie Belle wieners, as well as to the wife of the captain whose team sold the most, a \$100 merchandising order for an Easter outfit; to the runner up salesman and captain's wife, a \$50 order.

Needless to say, the wives kept right behind their husbands, as did their children. Interest ran high as the company mailed each week a progress report, and the result was a successful campaign.

#### **Packaging Contest**

Eight different package design awards plus the Irwin D. Wolf award for the best package or packaging program of 1953 will be made by the Package Designers Council. Purpose of the contest is to stimulate creative management thinking about packaging as a merchandising tool.

## Briefs in the news — on Selling Meat

Atomic canning appears to be "just around the corner." With the proper impetus and further technological work, in five years it could be commercially used for some classes of foods. So said L. E. Clifcorn, Continental Can Co., before the Southern California chapter of the Institute of Food Technologists.

Dallas City (Tex.) Packing Co. is using small newspaper insertions to inform church and Parent-Teacher groups in the area that it will gladly provide a 10-lb. box of wieners for their fund-raising activities.

They probably won't offer serious competition for meat, but Norwegian whale steaks are now on retail mark-ts throughout the United States. The steaks are packed in Norway for Norse Foods, New York, in a Milprint package. Instructions advise to "cook in the same way as you would a beef tenderloin steak."

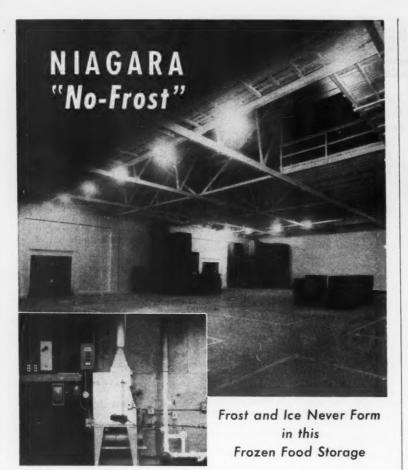
Swift & Company is going to use what it believes is the most dynamic selling theme in shortening history to promote its Swift'ning. Experimental work at the University of Chicago showed that potatoes French fried or pan fried in lard or lard shortening are more digestible than potatoes cooked or boiled in water. "Digestibility" is the key word for surveys have shown that what women want most in a shortening is better performance and digestibility, Swift experts say. So its



EASY-TO-CARRY 6-tin Dash Dog Food carton is being distributed nationally by Armour and Company in connection with its "Name the Puppy" contest. Brown and white carton contains complete contest rules, plus the prize list and entry blanks. The grand prize is a circus-trained pony, a complete cowboy outfit, a saddle and bridle and \$1,000 for feeding and stabling expenses.



BEEF SANDWICH STEAKS with Gravy is the latest addition to Swift's line of Premium Canned Meats. Packed in gravy, and sliced wafer thin, the steaks are ideally suited for quick, hot sandwiches. Sliced from carefully selected beef rounds, these steaks are packed not less than seven to the can.



## SAVE TROUBLE AND EXPENSE EVERY DAY IN PRE-COOLING, FREEZING AND STORAGE; PROTECT FRESH OR FROZEN FOOD QUALITY

The Niagara "No-Frost" Method gives you always the full capacity you paid for in your refrigeration, NEVER, not even partially, interrupted for defrosting. You can handle large "live" loads easily. The controls are simple and always give you accurately the temperature and humidity you want. Temperatures never rise to interrupt the "pull-down". You are free of troubles; your rooms stay clean and sweet with easier maintenance and less labor. You save power; your compressors run at higher suction pressures. For every refrigerated room for temperatures below 32° F. this method gives you better product quality at lower operating costs. Many of the finest installations in the industry, both large and small, prove the benefits of the Niagara No-Frost Method.

Write for the No-Frost story and data on its application to your problem. Ask for Bulletin No. 105.

#### NIAGARA BLOWER COMPANY

DEPT. NP 405 LEXINGTON AVENUE, NEW YORK 17, N. Y.

OVER 15 YEARS OF SUCCESSFUL EXPERIENCE PROVES THE VALUE OF NIAGARA NO-FROST



Va Ar

and

lab

ma por hor

lev

tei

DO

cr

tie

du

ti

al

re

p

n

ONE OF KANSAS CITY'S busiest intersections is the site of this spectacular, promoting bacon products of the Reitz Meat Co. of Kansas City. The animated pig moves the pointer in his foot up and down. A bulb is attached at the end for an effective night display. Sign can be seen from the air.

promotion in magazines, newspapers, on the Don McNeill Breakfast Club, etc., will stress this characteristic of Swift'ning.

Armour salesmen will show the boss how it should be done in Armour and Company's "Manager-for-the-Month" program during May. At each of the company's nearly 300 branch house and plant sales units an honorary sales manager was elected. The men will spend a week at headquarters while the regular managers will make their sales calls. The honorary managers will be competing for a week's trip to Chicago to serve as honorary general branch house or honorary general plant sales manager.

#### Symposium Evaluates Progress Toward Improving Canned Meat

A two-day symposium on canned meats for armed forces use was held in Chicago recently to evaluate work on a program to improve canned meats. The specific goal is to develop canned meat items which will rival properly prepared fresh meat products in initial acceptability and which will be capable of remaining highly acceptable and free from health hazards after storage for one year at 100° F.

During the past year the Quartermaster Food and Container Institute
for the Armed Forces, Chicago, has
worked intensively on this project. The
symposium, March 31-April 1 at the
Palmer House, Chicago, was jointly
sponsored by the QM Institute and the
National Research Council Advisory
Board on Quartermaster Research and
Development, Committee on Foods,
Subcommittee on Animal Products. Scientific and technical facts concerning
the quality and stability of canned meat
products, as well as the direction of
future work, were considered.

#### **AMIF Studies Show** Value of Animal Fat in **Animal Protein Feeds**

Improved farm production of beef and pork-in the face of expanding production costs and decreasing farm labor-is promised by recent scientific research, the American Meat Institute

reported this week.
"The secret," said the Institute, "lies in including adequate quantities of animal fat as a regular ingredient in making up protein supplements for animal feeds. Possibilities in the case of pork are indicated by the growing of hogs to market weights in four to five months rather than the usual seven to eight months. In beef, steers fed high levels of fat along with the usual protein supplements required about 100 pounds less feed per 100 pounds of weight gain than did steers fed low fat levels. These developments are increasingly important in view of high prices of feed, especially corn, in relation to the value of meat animals, particularly beef cattle.

"The pork experiments were conducted at the University of Missouri. Beef research was conducted at the Texas Agricultural Experiment Sta-

ersac-

noting

io. of

s the

ulb is

night

pers.

Club.

ic of

boss

and onth"

f the e and

sales

sales

ill be

icago

ranch

sales

anned

held

work

neats.

anned

perly

nitial pable

and

orage

arter-

titute

has

. The

t the

ointly

d the

risory

h and

roods,

Scirning

meat

on of

1953

will le the

air.

"Another advantage indicated by the quick growing of pigs is that they can produce lean pork-a meat type carcass grading choice No. 1. The rib cuts of beef steers fed high fat rations contained a higher percentage of lean in relation to fat. The meat protein supplements containing quantities of fat also provide other valuable nutrients, such as riboflavin, pantothenic acid, niacin, vitamin B<sub>12</sub>, choline and bone.

"Experiments conducted at the American Meat Institute Foundation also indicate that in high energy rations, even a small amount of fat along with animal protein concentrates may prove important in poultry feeding re-

quirements.

"One of the foremost reasons for the importance of including animal fat as a regular ingredient in meat protein supplements is that the fat content of feed meals of vegetable origin has been lost through the solvent oil extraction process which has gained popularity over the past ten years."

#### Congress Will Study **Economic Problems**

A broad economic study including whether or not standby price and wage controls are needed will be undertaken by the Congressional Joint Economic Committee. The agenda will include a general study of the economic transition period ahead, foreign trade and the implications of the decline in farm prices to general economic stability. Two subcommittees will be appointed to conduct the public hearings and the

Take an interesting few minutes trip Up and Down the Meat Trail.



## IT DID A JOB IN 1908°

The 4 cylinder 20 H.P. Model T Ford made its appearance in 1908 and quickly revolutionized the automobile industry. At \$850 it brought a dependable car within the price range of almost everyone.

You undoubtedly have equipment in your plant that was just as revolutionary years ago. It, too, has served its purpose. By keeping obsolete and outmoded equipment around, you are doing yourself a double disservice.

When you attempt to keep old, worn out equipment running, you spend more in maintenance and repairs and at the same time you increase your labor costs.

We'd like a chance to show you just what Dupps, up-tothe-minute, equipment can do for you in your plant. Won't you write us.

> \*If you'd like a complete set of these antique automobiles, suitable for framing, just drop us a line.









Leaders in America's Food Industries...

## choose ARCTIC TRAVELER



of



## **Mobile Refrigerating Units**

The "Big Names" engaged in transporting meats and other perishable foods choose ARCTIC TRAVELER . . . the "Big Name" in Truck Refrigeration to protect their products in transit!

ARCTIC TRAVELER was the first truck refrigerating unit to offer 110/220 volt, single phase, AC electric standby. Considered mandatory by most national fleet operators, this ARCTIC TRAVELER feature enables you to plug in at your shipping dock for silent overnight refrigeration.

Every ARCTIC TRAVELER unit is simply designed and engineered so that any competent garage mechanic can keep it in top working order. Special factory training not required!



Dealer Franchises are available in some areas.



Write for further information and specifications of the various nose-mounted and skirt-mounted ARCTIC TRAVELER models.



MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA

OFFICE . 53-09 97th PLACE CORONA, LONG ISLAND



## THE MEAT TRAIL

#### Industry Research Leader Will Be Publicly Honored

The man who listened to the gripes of the GI's about dried eggs and inspired his staff of food technologists



other

e "Big

oduats

g unit

andby.

rators,

lug in

ration.

ic can

aining

cations

2, 1953

VICTOR CONQUEST

and chemists to develop a product "they can't tell from fresh eggs" is the winner of the 1953 Nicholas Appert medal.

Victor Conquest, vice president, Armour and Company, in charge of research and development, will receive the honor at the annual meeting of the Institute of Food Technologists next month. The medal is awarded each year to a food technologist who has fostered the improvement of some food through research or better production methods. Conquest has devoted his entire career to such improvements—ten years as a production control technologist and 27 as an administrator directing the research staff of Armour.

While still in school, Conquest worked for Armour during summer vacations. He served in the Army during World War I. In 1919 he joined Morris & Co., later was taken over by Armour, and, except for two years, has remained with Armour.

Conquest is well known and regarded in chemical and scientific circles. He holds memberships and/or chairmanships in many of the important societies in these fields. To mention only a few, he is vice chairman, Council on Research, American Meat Institute; a member of the governing board and chairman, membership committee, Agricultural Research Institute; a member of the American Chemical Society and the American Institute of Chemical Engineers. He has contributed greatly to the scientific literature on a variety of subjects.

## personalities and Events

OF THE WEEK\_

►Urban N. Patman, Inc., is building a one-story concrete plant on a two-acre site near the Swift establishment on Vernon ave., in Los Angeles. The new plant will have 36,000 sq. ft. of refrigerated space and will have air-conditioned offices. It will be used for processing meats, including sausage manufacturing, curing, etc.

Ten representatives of the meat packing and canned meats industry from the Netherlands are observing meat production and processing techniques first-hand in this country, in connection with a study sponsored by the Mutual Security Agency. This week the group was in Chicago to attend the annual convention of the National Independent Meat Packers Association at the Palmer House; the national conferences of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher

Workmen at the Sherman hotel, and to visit the American Meat Institute Foundation at the University of Chicago. They will visit a number of packers and packinghouse supply firms, as well as the U. S. Army Quartermaster Corps, before returning to Europe in mid-June.

►The Nuckolls Packing Co., Pueblo, Colo., which had been in business more than 50 years, came to an end officially when a notice of dissolution was filed recently. The firm ceased operating during the last war.

T. W. Parsons, Parsons Meat Co., Oakland, Cal., has been elected president of the Pacific Coast Meat Jobbers Association. Amondo Flocchini, Durham Meat Co., was elected vice president and Frank Fotenos, Fotenos Bros., treasurer.

► Jack Karp, formerly of New York City, announced the opening of the Karp Brokerage Co., Inc., at 327 S. LaSalle st., Chicago. Telephone is HArrison 7-6522.

►E. A. Beargon, advertising manager of the Albany (N. Y.) Division of



LEADING BRAINS IN THE MEAT PACKING industry collaborate to develop an industry public relations and advertising program for the American Meat Institute—the oldest industry trade association. This picture was taken during a meeting of the current committee and AMI staff members. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: Pendleton Dudley, Dudley, Anderson & Yutzy, New York public relations counsel; G. William Birrell, Kunzler & Co.; R. W. Unwin, Reliable Packing Co.; J. W. Christian, Cudahy Packing Co.; Henry Stepp, Armour and Company, and Vernon Schwaegerle, AMI. FRONT ROW OF LEFT WING OF TABLE: Gene Turner, Stark, Wetzel & Co.; H. H. Corey, Geo. A. Hormel & Co. and AMI chairman; H. R. Davison and A. P. Davies, AMI; L. E. Kahn, E. Kahn's Sons Co., and A. W. Brickman, Illinois Meat Co. BACK ROW OF RIGHT WING OF TABLE: George W. Stark, Stark, Wetzel & Co.; J. M. Foster, John Morrell & Co.; G. M. Lewis, AMI; C. O. Husting and W. K. Ziegfield, Leo Burnett Co., advertising agency; Norman Draper, AMI; Philip H. Schaff, Leo Burnett; T. J. Wallace, Peters Sausage Co.; P. E. Petty, Swift & Company; George Buchy, Chas. G. Buchy Packing Co.; Geo. A. Schmidt, ir., Stahl-Meyer; J. F. Krey, Krey Packing Co.; Oscar G. Mayer, Oscar Mayer & Co., and Wesley Hardenbergh, president, AMI.

The National Provisioner-May 2, 1953

-17



PIN-TITE is the best shroud cloth for you! Outlasts ordinary shrouds many times over. Pulls tight

shrouds many times over. Pulls tight without tearing. Special weave permits complete, aeration. Bleaches white and marbleizes. The bold red stripe identifies the Extra Strong pinning edge. Save time—Save money—Use PIN-TITE. Mail the coupon for your free working sample.



FORM-BEST forms your hams better . . . absorbs less . . . beasts an absolute minimum of shrinkage. This is the stockinette you've been hearing about . . the full length stockinette that is stronger and more elestic . . FORM-BEST stockinettes can be applied in half the time—easily and quickly. A trial will convince you.

Use the coupon below for free samples and prices, SEND NOW and receive a valuable, free "SURPRISE" GIFT!

CONTON PRODUCTS CO.  Colerain. Alfred and Cook Streets	
CINCINNATI 14, OHIO, U.S.A.	
B Gentlemen: Please send free samples as indicated below:	20 20
PIN-TITE SHROUD CLOTHS, Size	No. 102 103
Rame	2
Company	-
Address	-
City	1
	-

Tobin Packing Co., was one of the speakers at the annual "Meet the Senators" party in Albany. The Senators are Albany's representatives in the Eastern Baseball League. Tobin is again sponsoring the baseball broadcasts of all Albany games in that league.

►Arthur L. Leonard, formerly a plant manager for Armour and Company, died recently at his home in Florida. 
►The Dobeckmun Co., Cleveland, is celebrating its silver anniversary this year. The firm was founded by Tom Dolan, first and only president; Logan A. Becker, and John Munson.

►O. A. Maxey has sold his packing plant at Fairfax, Okla. to John H. Page, formerly of Ponca City, Okla.

►The winner of this year's "Boss of the Year" title, selected by polling 200,000 secretar-

ial graduates of Speedwriting Schools, is O. E. Jones, executive vice president, Swift & Company, Chicago. The award was presented, along with one to the "Secretary of the Year," at a banquet in Chicago, April 25. Beginning with Swift as a clerk in 1912.



O. E. JONES

Jones rose to become a vice president in 1936 and a member of the board of directors in 1941. Last year he was elected to his present position. The "Best Boss" devotes his non-business hours to his family, a first edition book collection and farming. Miss Elda Felton, who has been his secretary for 13 years, entered him for the contest.

First Cooperative Packers of Ontario Limited, Barrie, Ont., has appointed James O. Simpson as general manager.

▶Boneless Beef Co., Inc., Toledo, has acquired the plant and business of the McMahon Packing Co. Boneless will produce a full line of luncheon meats, sausage and smoked meats as well as

Killing Technique Wins Award

The revolutionary method of putting hogs to sleep prior to slaughter, devised by Geo. A. Hormel & Co., Austin, Minn., won for Hormel the honor of making an outstanding achievement in food technology. The process has been given the biennial 1953 Food Engineering Award by a committee of 26 food technologists, headed by Dr. Samuel Cate Prescott, MIT food scientist. The award, which is sponsored by Food Engineering, will be presented to Hormel at the annual meeting of the Institute of Food Technologists in Boston, June 22.

frozen specialty items, Max S. Jaffe, owner, said.

J

000

▶Frederick W. Hemsworth, owner of Hemsworth Wholesale Meat Co., Springfield, Mass., has been named by the city mayor as a member of the police commission. Hemsworth, who has been in the meat packing business for 32 years, the last 17 with his own firm, has been active in civic affairs. ▶Twin Cities Packing Co., North Augusta, S. C., has received a charter to conduct slaughtering, meat packing and processing and wholesale meat operations in the state of Pennsylvania.

►Abe Cooper, president of Bernard Pincus & Co., Philadelphia, was named chairman of the sponsors committee for the thirty-fifth anniversary celebration of Beth Sholom Congregation. Samuel Cross, Cross Brothers, is a member of the committee.

▶Two new wholesale meat companies have been formed in Philadelphia: State Fair Provision Co., 316-30 Callowhill st., by Joseph I. Lapin and Morris Lapin, and Monarch Steak Co., 850 N. 6th st., headed by Milton Cohen and Leonard Miller.

►Chris Finkbeiner, president, Little Rock (Ark.) Packing Co., spoke recently before the Malvern, Ark. Rotary Club.

► Maurer-Neuer, Inc., Arkansas City, Ark., bought several prize animals shown at the Kay County Junior Livestock Association 4-H Club Sale.

RICHARD REZANKA. center, retiring presi-dent, Miller & Hart, Chicago, receives the good wishes of H. E. Reilly, new vice president, left, and Conrad Tuerk, president. The occasion was a surprise farewell party at the Stock Yards Inn, staged by Rezanka's friends. About 300 industry leaders who attended presented Rezanka with a boat for his fishing vacation this summer.



vard

f put-

ghter,

& Co.,

el the

anding

y. The

ennial

by a

ogists,

escott,

which

eering.

at the

ute of

une 22.

Jaffe,

ner of

med by

of the

n, who

usiness

is own

affairs.

North

charter

acking

meat

ennsyl-

Bernard

named

mittee y celegation. s, is a

npanies lelphia: 30 Cal-

in and

ak Co.,

Little

rk. Ro-

animals or Live-Sale.

2, 1953

Co.,

NEWLY ELECTED officers of C. A. Durr Packing Co. are pictured here. At left is Arthur H. Mauthe, treasurer, and at right, Jerome B. Harrison, president, who succeeded his brother, the late David J. Harrison. Officers retaining their former posts are: Clara Durr Harrison, board chairman; Margaret P. Durr, vice president, and William M. Howard, secretary. Douglas A. Hasenauer was appointed sales manager of the Utica, New York packing company.

Harold Graham, assistant general manager, said the purchases were in line with the company policy of encouraging young producers to raise high quality livestock, using good breeding stock.

►The Schwartz Provision Co., formerly known as the Kay Brand Packing Co., Findlay, O., was sold recently to the Willard Garage, Inc. The prop-

erty sold for about \$25,000. The building was purchased to rent. The Schwartz firm operated the plant only a few months after buying it a year ago.

►A. L. Leonard, former plant manager of Armour and Company, Columbus, O., died recently. He had retired in January.

►Armour and Company, Seattle, Wash., held an open house recently in honor of Lester Bowman and to exhibit the plant's new sausage factory.

►M & D Meat Company, Inc., Manhattan, N. Y., has been granted charter of incorporation with directors Mary Gordon, David Ozerkia and Jack Ozerkia.

►John H. Luebke, livestock supervisor, Plankinton Packing Co., Milwaukee, Wis., has completed 45 years with the company.

▶Del Donahey, who had been in the sales department for Cudahy Packing Co. for a number of years, died recently. He had been located at St. Joseph, Mo.; New York city, and was at the home plant at Omaha at the time of his death.

#### **VE** Quarantine Changes

As of April 10, federal VE quarantines had been imposed in Escambia county, Fla.; Oakland county, Mich.; Pulaski county, Mo., and Dyer county, Tenn. The quarantine was removed from Marshall county, W. Va.

## ...best sellers! "DANISH CROWN" and A.S.K. brands imported cooked hams NO TRIM · NO BONE · NO WASTE

These 9 to 11 pounders have that distinctive Danish flavor

your patrons will remember!



THE HAMS that increase per-pound-serving profits!

#### ALSO FAMOUS GREEN TREE LABEL ALL SIZES OF HOLLAND HAMS

For full information, write

#### BALTIC TRADING COMPANY, Ltd.

165 Chambers Street, New York 7 Digby 9-4309

Representatives wanted for territories now open.
Write for full information.

ONLY 50° A DAY

Neeps your truck

RefRIGERATOR COLD'

On hottest days



Stop shrinkage, spoilage, sweating and discoloration—protect all your valuable meat loads, more efficiently, for as little as fifty cents a day.

The dependable Air Induction Conditioner costs less to operate than any other refrigeration method, actually less than ice bunkers or packing in ice. It never needs replacement parts, can't rust, can't break down.

This economical unit costs less to own—as much as 80% less than ordinary mechanical refrigeration units. Yet it keeps your truck uniformly cold during the hottest weather, even when you open truck doors repeatedly. Your meat stays moist and fresh—as fresh as when you load it.

Start today, protect your valuable meat loads for the scorching summer months ahead "the natural way." Order the amazing Air Induction Conditioner. It takes less than an hour to install.

#### FOR NIGHT HOLDOVER OF MEAT PRODUCTS

With the new Air Induction transformer package your truck can now be loaded with perishables overnight without fear of any loss, or running down of your truck battery.

Write today for complete information

#### AIR INDUCTION CORP.

122 West 30th Street, New York 1, N. Y.

	of trucks		
Inside D	mensions: Height	Length	Width
Please ser	nd me literature, prices,	full information.	
	Name		
	Firm		
	Address		
NP3	City	Zone	State

\_ \_ CLIP AND MAIL THIS COUPON TODAY \_ \_ \_

## and Supplies

AUTOMATIC WARNING DEVICE - a self-contained alarm system for use in temperature controlled rooms sounds a warning buzzer when temperature ranges become unsafe for product. The unit plugs in-



to any 110-volt AC 60 cycle outlet and can be fastened to walls by a single screw. Called Thermo-Alarm and made by Mack Electric Devices, Inc., Wyncote, Pa., the unit consists of a sensitive thermostat enclosed in a hermetically-sealed, frost free tube. Temperature changes cause the thermostat to activate the operating mechanism which sounds the warning buzzer. The mechanism is contained in a metal box measuring only 3x3x5% in. Thermostats are factory calibrated from 0 to 50°F.

RUBBER MAT CLEANER -American Mat Corp., Toledo, has introduced a new product, in powder form, for cleaning all types of rubber matting. Available in 5-lb. packages, the product is said to remove efficiently organic oils and greases, as well as inorganic greases such as petroleum and mineral oils. It is not caustic and is said not to discolor, crack or deteriorate rubber goods. Cleaning time is said to be only a few seconds. The product also cleans linoleum, terrazo, vinyl, asphalt tile, enameled and painted surfaces, and wooden floors. . . .

TURBINE-TYPE PUMPS -The close-coupled design of a new turbine-type pump line manufactured by the Aurora Pump Co., Aurora,



Ill., reduces the pump-motor assembly to small overall size. Because pump and motor shaft are integral, coupling noise and mis-

alignment troubles are avoided. Four different positions for suction and discharge connections allow installation flexibility. The pumps are available in capacities 3 to 30 gpm. and heads from 0 to 250 ft. The pumps are simply constructed,-the cover, inner ring and impeller are the only wearing parts and are made of bronze. Because the pumps handle vapor entrapped in liquid without losing prime, they are said not to vapor bind.

. . .

LOAD LIFT PALLET TRUCK - Market Forge Co., Everett, Mass., designed this Double-Faced load lift pallet truck for use where both single and double-faced pallets are employed. The unit is made entirely of steel and has a full 4-in, lift. It can be furnished with hinged adaptors to allow it to be used with skid platforms up to 12 in. underclearance. Overall width is 27 in., and forks are 91/4 in. wide. It



features simple hydraulic lifting mechanism, heavy duty fifth wheel steering arrangement and balanced spring handle hold up. It is available in 3,000-, 5,000and 6,000-lb. capacities with either steel, rubber or plastic wheels.

NEW MORTAR STOPS LEAKS - A new material called Flextite has available a liquid chemical additive that makes a fast-acting leak-stopper out of ordinary cement. According to the maker, the Flexrock Co., Philadelphia, the product regulates the setting time of Portland cement, making it possible to stop direct leaks without removing hy-

drostatic pressure. Flextite is said to be equally effective as a water resistant plaster coat that seals off seepage and excludes moisture. The product has use in basements, elevator pits, engine rooms, tanks, reservoirs, on retaining walls, etc.

STAINLESS STEEL KET-TLE-Built for the utmost in sanitation, this new kettle has no flanges, joints or crevices where bacteria or



All residue can collect. joints are round and flush inside and out. The kettle, made by Hamilton Copper and Brass Works, Cincinnati, is available in 15- to 500-gal. capacity, either two thirds or completely steam jacketed and built for pressures to 125 psi. \* \*

bu

to

INSECTICIDE FOR ROACHES - The Holcomb Research Laboratory, Indianapolis, Ind., has introduced a new type insecticide for control of cockroaches. Called Pressurized Roach Spray, the product, in a pressurized container, forces itself directly into cracks, crevices, etc., where roaches are known to hide and breed. It deposits an invisible film having both contact and residual killing powers. Containing Chlordane, DDT and other chemicals, the spray is said not to stain wood, fabrics or painted surfaces. The resulting film is colorless and non-toxic to humans. One treatment is said to be effective for up to eight weeks.

There are more automobiles on American farms than telephones.

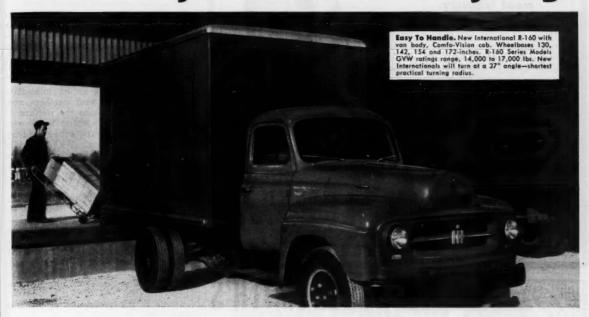
FAST CHILL REFRIGERATION-Advanced Engineering Corporation of Milwaukee has announced the addition of several new heavy duty Gebhardt units to its line of controlled refrigeration systems. The new series 200 is a fast-acting unit for hog or beef chill



rooms. Penetrating cold of high humidity is produced to chill quickly with minimum shrink. The series 300 unit is designed for boning and packaging coolers. It is said to be quiet and to circulate air at the ceiling level. The series 400 unit is of the automatic hot gas defrost type and can be employed in freezers to produce temperatures as low as -20° F. It is suitable for freezing, freezer storage and bacon chill service.

## TAKE THE GUESSWORK

out of your truck buying



#### International Trucks are proved all 3 ways

You take the guesswork out of truck buying when you buy International trucks. They are proved all three ways to give you the performance you want at the *lowest* cost:

- 1. Proved Before They're Built. Before any International truck model goes into production, the right balance between design, costs, and performance is developed and proved at International Harvester's new truck Engineering Laboratory. The results—longer truck life, reduced operating and maintenance cost—give you more truck for your dollar.
- Proved After They're Built. Economy, performance, and stamina of Internationals is proved again at the "Desert Whipping Post," 4000-acre Proving Ground in Arizona, under the most difficult operating conditions.
- Proved In Service. In 1952, America's most cost-conscious truck operators bought 58% more heavy-duty Internationals than any other make, 27.3% of all heavy-

duty trucks sold. Every new International truck, from ½-ton pickups to six-wheel off-highway models, embodies the advanced engineering principles that have kept Internationals the heavy-duty sales leader for 21 straight years.

See them. Compare them. Drive them. Ask your nearest International Dealer or Branch for all the facts.

Select the International That's Right for Your Job from America's Most Complete Truck Line. 168 basic models from ½-ton to 90,000-lb. GVW rating . . . 307 new features . . . 29 engines, with widest practical choice of gasoline, LPG or diesel power, available to give the right power for the job . . . 296 wheelbases . . . Transmissions and axle ratios to meet any requirement . . Thousands of variations for exact job specialization.

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY · CHICAGO

International Harvester Builds McCormick Farm Equipment and Farmall Tractors...Motor Trucks...Industrial Power...Refrigerators and Freezers

Better roads mean a better America

## INTERNATIONAL TRUCKS

The National Provisioner—May 2, 1953

21

fectant off loisuse pits, seralls,

ETnost kets or or

All lush ttle, pper ncin-to two eam ores-

OR omb Instroectiockized duct, iner, into

hide an both lling nlor-eminot or re-

and One efight

rms

mo-

## POSITIVE PROTECTION For Packing House Workers

Our aprons and sleeves are planned to protect men and women in the meat industry.

Aprons are cut full size, using materials that won't crack, peel, or stiffen in the most severe cases of blood, fatty acid, alkali, and water. Designed with many new features to give wear, protection and comfort to workers. Example: elastic waist band.



#### **Buy BASCO Brand Protective Aprons**

They're made of DuPont Neoprene. For the tough jobs . . . Vinyl Fabric. For good, inexpensive protection . . . cotton aprons. Let us help solve your apron problems.

Send for Free Literature

#### ASSOCIATED BAG & APRON CO.

2650 West Belden Ave.

Phone: ALbany 2-7121 Chicago 47, Illinois

OUR APRONS ARE UNION MADE



in your Loaves, Sausage and Specialties:

- . IMPARTS A DISTINCTIVE TASTE APPEAL
- . ENHANCES EYE AND SALES APPEAL MEANS LOWER COSTS, HIGHER PROFITS

More and more packers prefer pickles by GOLDSMITH. Why not give your sausage products a real sales-winning taste appeal by simply adding Goldsmith's Sweet Diced Pickles to your present formulas? This low-cost sales-builder improves appearance creates new demand. HIRAM CUKE also sez: Give your products really distinctive appeal with Diced Sour and Dill Pickles. Sweet and Sour Chunks. Diced Red and Green Peppers. Write GOLDSMITH today... we specialize in serving packers and sausagemakers.

PICKLE COMPANY

4941 S. RACINE AVE. . CHICAGO 9, ILLINOIS



All types of sausage, loaves and specialty products taste are better, and sell bet-ter when "spiced" with MIX-O-SPICE easy-to-use SOLUBLE SEASON-INGS! We offer straight seasonings, prepared blends or custom blends to fit your particular needs! Write for samples today!

ong Laboratories BROOKLYN . PHOENIX . LOS "NGELES

#### Packers Talk at AFL Meet

(Continued from page 9)

pro

whi

tive

ind

pan

fro

alm ind

dov

day

nev trie

tha

fre

to

not

als

wil

ah

ms

mi

ply

te

be

th

be

kn

lir

in

ta

st

al

he

di

fo

e

ir

c

n

o

lied on packinghouse by-products to cover part of the cost of meat processing. This benefits both the livestock producer and meat consumer. Soapless soaps have cut into the tallow business. New types of soles and other substitutes have chewed into hide sales. Synthetic fibres have battered the wool business. All this means less return to the packer for his by-product. Everything that research can do must be done to develop new markets, to encourage farmers to keep livestock at high production levels so that employment in our industry can be kept at a high level.

#### HARDENBERGH-

"Your union has as its immediate aim the welfare of your members, and, beyond that, I assume the welfare of the industry. Our association likewise has the welfare of the entire industry as its principal aim. We constantly strive to help the industry become more efficient, which we believe makes it a better industry for all of us to be connected with.

"Research is probably the most important single factor in industry to-

"What are some of the things we are doing in the laboratory of the American Meat Institute Foundation? While we have some 50 research projects going on in our laboratory at present, we are concentrating in three general fields.

"One is the prevention of spoilage and the conservation of product through better methods of handling and processing. One project in this field is the use of di-electric heating to process meat products quickly and at uniform temperatures throughout. I have here a boned ham which was cooked with di-electric methods. It took 17 minutes to cook this ham and it is a completely sterile product. To achieve the same degree of sterilization by conventional processing methods, would require some eight hours and would result in a product so overcooked at the surface that it would be commercially unsatisfactory.

"Another project in this same field is meat dehydration.

"I have some samples of dehydrated meat here for your inspection. We are trying to develop a product that will stand up under varying storage and distribution conditions and that will re-hydrate easily to look and taste like fresh meat.

"What impact is this research work going to have on you and on others employed in the industry?

"I don't know that that question can be answered with certainty, but it seems probable that anything that is done to improve the industry, to make its products better, and more acceptable to the consumer; any new uses found for products now at a marked disadvantage competitively, or any improvements effected in those products which will make them more competitive with substitute products, will have a beneficial effect in expanding the industry's market. Obviously, an expanding industry is a better industry from the viewpoint of employment, and almost every other viewpoint, than an industry that is standing still or going

"It seems perfectly clear in these days when research is creating whole new industries, crippling other industries or putting them out of existence that our industry should use research freely, not only as a defensive weapon to insure that our own industry will not be researched out of existence, but also as a constructive move to try to make certain that our industry will not either go backward or stand still but will go forward."

#### MAYER-

t

ts to

cess-

pro-

pless

iness.

ıbsti-Svn-

wool

rn te

very-

st be

o en-

ck at

ploy-

ata

ediate , and,

re of

ewise

lustry

tantly

ecome

makes

to be

st im-

ry to-

gs we

f the

ation?

h pro-

ry at

three

oilage

roduct

ndling

n this

eating y and

ghout.

h was

ds. It

m and

ct. To

ization

ethods.

rs and

cooked

e com-

field is

drated

We are

at will

ge and

at will

ste like

h work

others

ion can

but it

that is

o make

accept-

w uses

marked

any im-

2, 1953

"Our industry must supply the consuming public to the utmost of its ability with factual information and material on important matters concerning our industry to help correct misconceptions with facts.

"Next, I believe it is the responsibility of all meat packers to help supply factual information on these matters to their employes so that they will become better informed on as many of these points as possible. Here I believe much room for a better job lies ahead because only a few packers to my knowledge have done much along these lines thus far. By assuming that more packers do their part in this manner in the future, here is where employes in the industry can be of real help by taking this information and becoming stronger boosters than ever for meat among all of their acquaintances at

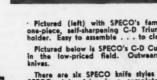
"My third major point in meat industry economics has to do with a plea for continuing improvement in employer-employe relations. . . . I acknowledge that progress for working people in past years necessarily involved a considerable amount of strife and turmoil when unions were striving for recognition. But they have now gained this just recognition and my remark on industrial peace is forward-looking. I therefore believe that more can be gained in the future through continually improving employer-employe relations throughout our industry and all industry than through any other course of action.

"The stature of labor has matured remarkably during the past 20 years, before which labor was largely engrossed in fighting for recognition on the American scene. By the same token industrial management in this country has also acquired a much stronger sense of public service and responsibility toward all groups with which it deals than it had in the earlier days of industrial development.

"In our own industry I think employer-employe relationships are generally good but, like many other things,

Now DIAMOND TESTED ..

No longer is it "conversation" that Po longer is it "conversation" that SPECO plates are the 'world's finest, cuttingest and wearingest', to paraphrase "The Old Timer." Now, every SPECO plate is individually DIAMOND-TESTED for your protection—before it is shipped—to assure you long, trouble-free performance—today's best plate buy!



Pictured (left) with SPECO's famed "Old Timer" is the one-piece, self-sharpening C-D Triumph Knife with lock-fits holder. Easy to assemble . . . to clean . . . self-sharpening.

Pictured below is SPECO's C-D Cutmora—top quality knife the low-priced field. Outweers, out-performs costlier

There are six SPECO knife styles . . . a wide variety of SPECO plate styles—in a complete range of sizes for all makes of grinder. All SPECO products are guaranteed.

SPECO's C-D Sausage-Linking Guide increases hand-linking peads, cuts costs, improves product appearance.





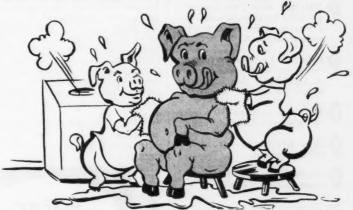




FREE: Handy SPECO PLATE ORDERING GUIDE, plus convenient product price folder, with separate "GRINDER POINTERS." Write today.

THE SPECIALTY MANUFACTURERS 3946 Willow Street, Schiller Park, Illinois

turkish baths for pigs?



No, but Phil Hantover recommends the use of NOCON HOG SCALD to assure cleaner carcasses, free from scurf. Cuts shaving time 20 to 30%. Speeds up dehairing, therefore speeds up production. Works equally as well in hard or soft water. Use 1 pound to 100 gallons of water. Order now from Phil Hantover, Inc.

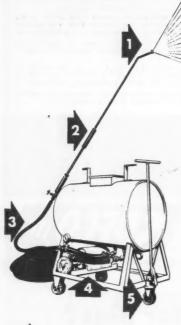
only 191/20 lb. 100 lb. drums.

**Unconditionally Guaranteed** 

only 181/20 lb.

PHIL HANTOVER, inc. 1717 McGEE STREET

This Hot Spray Unit cleans up to 12,000 square feet in half an hour



Hits dirt with 2 gallons of powerful hot cleaning solution a minute, delivered through wide angle nozzle.

2 Long reach—solution sprays out 15 feet from nozzle at end of 5½ ft. gun. Gun is lightweight, has insulated handles.

Wide area coverage—50 ft. of rubber hose furnished with unit.

Long life motor-protects against overload.

Wheels freely around plant—cleans equipment in place.

See for yourself—see how it saves you time, money, effort. Ask your Oakite Technical Service Representative, or write Oakite Products, Inc., 25 Rector St., New York 6; N. Y.

OAKITE

Technical Service Representatives Located in Principal Cities of United States and Canada still leave room for improvement. Since it takes two to make a quarrel, so likewise I mean that improvement must come from both sides of the bargaining table in order to be of permanent value. This I urge upon every single management in our industry and upon every local and international union representing employes in the industry. I might add that your own Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen union has set a wonderful example of policy with respect to employer dealings, a policy of willingness to negotiate at the conference table until all possible means of solution have been exhausted before taking further action, a policy of honorable adherence to contractual agreements, and a policy of continuing willingness to listen to and respect the other person's point of view in discussions and negotiations.

"I have been told that there exists among your ranks today a certain amount of concern over the introduction of new machinery into some of the packing plants of the country. This is without doubt a basic matter affecting both management and labor in our industry. . . . I can readily understand how this problem, whenever you confront it, raises serious doubts in the minds of you who work in packing plants as to the security of your jobs. I am told, however, that actual job security is not as prominent in your minds at this particular time as is the matter of reclassification and downgrading of job rates resulting from the introduction of new machinery.

"When the introduction of a new machine eliminates an old process or operation, it is obvious that some old jobs and old skills are also eliminated. But new machinery also requires operators and the development of new skills, and much of the machinery developed today is so complex as to require highly alert and skilled workers. Acknowledging that changing jobs can be inconvenient and learning new skills can be tedious, we do have to recognize, however, that life in our industrial age has been full of job changes for all of us.

"To go from here to a few examples in our own company, I can point with satisfaction from both our own point

of view as well as that of our workers, to machines that have made a tremendous difference in our ability to produce high quality, properly identified wieners. The first of these was the Kartridge-Pak machine, introduced about 12 years ago when we had close to 70 people in our Chicago and Madison plants doing the work of applying individual identifying bands on every fourth link of wieners, and later every other link, in an attempt to identify them with our brand name. This was far from successful because these bands could easily be slipped off, almost like a cigar band, and we know were often used falsely by being placed on inferior grades of wieners which were then sold as ours.

des

lan

rep

ma

out

mo

011

vir

tha

sla

kil

sh

co

"The Kartridge-Pak machine was then developed to place a continuous band around every single link of wieners we made and our business grew steadily larger because a much more positive brand identification was thus made possible. Now the girls who formerly applied the single band to every other link had their jobs changed, it is true. Their old jobs were eliminated entirely. But instead of 70 girls in our sausage packing department in those days, we now have more than 400 in those same two plants today, and the new machine operation requires at least as much skill on the part of the workers as did the jobs they formerly

"I sincerely feel that the introduction of new machinery into industry has been a necessary and important influence in increasing production and has at the same time produced a tremendous increase in total employment. The growth in union membership at our own company, for example, from less than 2,000 in 1940 to more than 7,000 today, is certainly a strong indicator in our minds that the over-all benefits substantially outweigh the immediate problems, for an important part of this growth has been due to the introduction in this industry of machines."

EDITOR'S NOTE: Summaries of talks by other meat packing personnel at the AFL meeting will appear in an early issue of The National Provisioner.



#### **Meat Output Off Slightly Despite** Record Cattle Kill, Beef Production

EAT production under federal inspection for the week ended April 25, with pork production the smallest for any week since last September, declined slightly from the previous week despite a larger output of beef and lamb, a U.S. Department of Agriculture report indicated. Production of beef

kers,

tre-

enti-

s the

uced

close

Iadi-

lying

very

every

ntify

was these

, al-

know

laced

which

nuous

wien-

grew more thus

for-

every

, it is nated n our those

00 in

d the

es at

of the

merly

roduc-

lustry

ortant

n and

ment.

nip at from

than

ndica-

bene-

imme-

t part

to the

f ma-

ies of sonnel in an Provi-

in several months, and was 23 per cent under a year ago. Slaughter of sheep and lambs rose once more under a steady influx of old crop lambs to market and the rising volume of new crop stock finding its way to the nation's slaughter houses.

Cattle slaughter reached 331,000 head

more than the 94,000-head kill for the same week last year. Output of veal stood at 12,900,000 lbs. against 13,400,-000 lbs. the week before and 9,600,000 lbs. a year ago.

The year's smallest weekly hog slaughter numbered 910,000 head compared with 983,000 the preceding week and 1,180,000 a year ago. Output of the meat dropped to 119,300,000 lbs. from 130,400,000 lbs. the previous week and 153,400,000 lbs. last year. production was estimated at 31,800,000 lbs. against 33,400,000 lbs. the previous week and 44,000,000 lbs. a year ago.

Sheep and lamb slaughter continued fairly high at 259,000 animals compared with 246,000 the week before and 213,-000 a year ago. Production of lamb and mutton was estimated at 12,400,000 lbs., or 600,000 lbs. more than the week before and was compared with 10,200,000 lbs. last year in the same April week.

#### ESTIMATED FEDERALLY INSPECTED SLAUGHTER AND MEAT PRODUCTION

			Week en	ded April	25, 1953	, with com	parisons				
		1	Beef			Veal Pork (excl. lard)			Lamb and Mutton		
		Number	Prod.	Number	Prod.	Number	Prod.	Number	Prod.	Prod.	
18,	1953	331 316 212	186.4 178.5 117.9	122 129 94	$12.9 \\ 13.4 \\ 9.6$	910 983 1,180	$119.3 \\ 130.4 \\ 153.4$	259 246 213	12.4 $11.8$ $10.2$	331 334 291	
			1	VERAGE	WEIGH	TS (LBS.)			LARD	PROD.	
		Ca	ittle	Cal	ves	Hogs		eep and ambs	Per 100	Total mil.	

Week	End	led		Live	Dressed	Live	Dressed	Live	Dressed	Live	Dressed	lbs.	1
	18,	1953		$^{1,005}_{1,005}_{997}$	563 565 556	190 185 181	$106 \\ 104 \\ 102$	235 237 237	131 133 130	$101 \\ 102 \\ 101$	48 48 48	14.9 14.3 15.7	3 4
	_		_										_

rose to record high, making up the major part of the week's 331,000,000-lb. output of meat, which was 14 per cent more than the 291,000,000 lbs. turned out in the corresponding period, last

Cattle slaughter from the record bovine population, stood 56 per cent above that of the same week of 1952. Calf slaughter dipped, as did the week's hog kill, which fell to the smallest volume

for what appears to be something of a record for this time of the year, and was compared with 316,000 the week before and 212,000 a year ago. Beef production attained the heavy volume of 186,400,000 lbs. as against 178,500,-000 lbs. the week before and 117,900,000 lbs. last year.

Slaughter of calves dropped to 122,-000 head from 129,000 the previous week, but amounted to considerably

#### **MEAT EXPORTS-IMPORTS**

Exports and imports of meats during February, as reported by the U.S.

Department of Agriculta	ire:	
Commodity	Feb. 1953	Feb. 1952
EXPORTS (domestic)	Lbs.	Lbs.
Beef and veal— Fresh or frozen	225,277 864,404	262,990 636,769
Pork-		
Fresh or frozen	346,250	1,433,437
Hams & shoulders, cured or cooked	847,281	873,304
Bacon		
Other pork, pickled, salted or otherwise cured (in- cludes sausage ingredi- ents)		
Sausage, bologna & frank-	0,004,002	1,200,002
furters (except canned)	93,314	85,547
Canned meats— Beef and veal Sausage, bologna &	188,894	106,441
frankfurters	173,227	336,558
Hams and shoulders	159,253	188.047
Other pork, canned Other meats & meat	253,687	350,206
products, canned1	172,893	86,966
Lamb and mutton (except canned)	55,786	33,308
Lard (includes rendered		
pork fat)	15,880,653	100,338,925
Tallow, edible	493,790	55 260 167
Inedible animal oils, n.e.c. (includes lard oil)		132,167
Inedible animal greases &		
fats (includes grease stearin)	. 7,909,404	9,908,952
IMPORTS-		
Beef, fresh or frozen	1,328,343	
Veal, fresh or frozen Beef and veal, pickled or		50,994
cured	119,058	9,717,941
Canned beef (includes corned beef)	6,119,362	9,289,214
Pork, fresh or chilled and frozen		1,226,972
Hams, shoulders, bacon, backs, butts & picnics		
Pork, other pickled or salted		
Lamb and mutton	1,280,864	33,877 1,500
Tallow, edible		1,000

'Includes many items which consist of varying amounts of meat.

Compiled from official records, Bureau of the Census.

#### HIGHER LIVE COSTS OFFSET SMALL GAINS IN PORK

(Chicago costs and credits, first two days of week)

the week, but the general average showed only a slight gain which failed to offset rising live costs. The result was another loss in cutting values. Light hogs fell back into the minus column and heavies registered their poorest margin in weeks.

Pork prices fluctuated widely early in This test is computed for illustrative purposes only. Each packer should figure his own test using actual costs, credits, yields and realizations. The values reported here are based on the available Chicago market figures for the first two days of the week.

-	180-220 lbs				220-240 lbs				240-270 lbs			
Pet	Pct. Price per per cwt.			Pct. Price per per cwt.				Pct. Price per per cw				
live wt.		ewt.	fin. yield	live wt.			per cwt. alive	per cwt. fin. yield	live wt.	per lb.	ewt.	fin. yield
Skinned hams12.6		8 6.54	\$ 9.39	12.6	51.9	8	6.54	\$ 9.19	12.9	51.8	\$ 6.67	\$ 9.39
Picnies 5.6	32.8	1.85	2.66	5.5	32.2		1.77	2.48	5.3	32.0	1.70	2.38
Boston butts 4.2	45.5	1.92	2.78	4.1	44.5		1.82	2.58	4.1	44.5	1.82	2.55
Loins (blade in)10.1	56.3	5.69	8.21	9.8	56.3		5.52	7.83	9.6	48.5	4.65	6.50
Lean cuts		\$16.00	\$23.04			21	15.65	\$22.08			\$14.84	\$20.82
Bellies, S. P11.0		4.42	6.39	9.5	40.0		3.80	5.40	3.9	37.2	1.45	
Bellies, D. S				2.1	28.5		.60	.86	8.6	28.5	2.45	
Fat backs				3.2	7.5		.24	.34	4.6	8.3	.38	
Plates and jowls 2.9	16.8	.49		3.0	16.8		.50	.65	3.4	16.8	.57	
Raw leaf 2.3	10.2	.23	.33	2.2	10.2		.22	.32	2.2	10.2	.22	
P.S. lard, rend. wt.13.9	9.6	1.33	1.91	12.3	9.6		1.18	1.66	10.4	9.6	1.00	
r.s. lard, rend. wt.13.5	0.0	1.00	1.01	14.0	0.0		1.10	1.00	10.4	3.6	1.00	1.00
Fat cuts and lard		\$ 6.47				8	6.54	\$ 9.23			\$ 6.07	
Spareribs 1.6	44.5	.71		1.6	34.0		.54	.78	1.6	21.0	.34	
Regular trimmings . 3,3	25.7	.85		3.1	25.7		.80	1.08	2.9	25.7	.75	1.05
Feet, tails, etc 2.0	9.1	.18		2.0	9.1		.18	.26	2.0	9.1	.18	
Offal & miscl		.65	.90			-	.65	.89			.65	.88
TOTAL YIELD												
& VALUE 69.5	* * *	\$24.86		71.0		\$3	24.36	\$34.32	71.5		\$22.83	\$31.90
		Per	1. 1.1		Pe					Per		
	-	cwt.			6.M					ewt.		
Cont of home		alive			ali	re				alive	2	
Cost of hogs	8:	23.69	Per cwt.		\$23.	79	3	Per cwt.		\$23.76	3	Per cwt.
Condemnation loss		.10	fin.			10		fin.		.10		· · fibe-
Handling and overhead		1.40	yield			21		yield		1.06	9	yield
TOTAL COST PER CW	T 8	95.19	836.24	1	825.			\$35,35		\$24.90	5	i \$34.89
TOAL VALUE	A	94 98	35.7		24.			34.32		22.83		31.90
Cutting margin		9.33	-8.4		-8			\$1.03		-82.13		-82.99
Margin last week		27	+ .4		-			45		- 1.6		- 2.27
Minight Met Week			7 .3					140		2100		2.21

#### CHICAGO PROV. SHIPMENTS

Provision shipments, by rail, in the week ended April 25, with comparisons:

Week April 25	Previous Week	Cor: Week 1952
Cured meats, pounds 3,102,000		18,778,000
Presh meats, pounds20,125,000	20,261,000	20,038,000
Lard, pounds 3,756,000	2,437,000	3,383,000

## Ship your quality meats via SAFEWAY!



#### **SAFEWAY** means positive protection ALL THE WAY!

CHECK THESE SAFEWAY FEATURES:

- 1. Serving the Perishable Food Industry exclusively!
- 2. All equipment constructed to handle refrigerated products onlyl
- 3. Frequent truck check-in stations permit shipment diversions!
- 4. Instant teletype communication between all terminals!
- 5. Strategically located terminals . . . East Central and West!
- 6. Complete Insurance Coverage . . . Liability, Property and Cargol
- 7. Claim Department to facilitate handling of all claims!
- 8. Sound financial responsibility!
- 9. Expert personnel means better service to both shippers and receivers!
- 10. SAFEWAY means safety en route ... meats safe on arrival!

"Ship The Safeway!"

4125 S. Emerald Ave., CHICAGO 9, ILLINOIS

St. Louis e Kansas City Buffalo Cleveland Jersey City

#### and SUPPLIES P

#### WHOLESALE FRESH MEATS

		4147	7	L.	3	2	۲.					
Native st												1953
Prime,	60	0/84	00				۰			 .37	40	38
Choice,	56	0/1	00							 .35	40	36
Choice,	70	10/8	300		۰		۰		۰			351/2
Good,	100,	/806	) .			0	0		ø			33 1/2
Commerc												
Can. & c	ut.					0		6	0	 .25	1/3 (0)	26
Bulls					۰	۰		•	۰	 .28	12 C	28

#### STEER BEEF CUTS\*

Prime:	
Hindquarter	49.0@50.0
Forequarter	30.0@31.0
Round	45.0@47.0
Trimmed full loin	
Regular chuck	
Foreshank	
Brisket	
Rib	52.0@55.0
Short plate	9.0@10.0
Flanks (rough)	
Choice:	01045 2010
Hindquarter	45 0@47 0
Forequarter	
Round	45 0@ 47 6
Trimmed full loin	24 06 29 1
Regular chuck	
Foreshank	
Brisket	
Rib	
Short plate	9.0@10.0
Flanks (rough)	9.0@10.0
Good:	
Round	42.0@44.
Regular chuck	
Brisket	
Rib	
Loins	55.0@60.

#### BEEF PRODUCTS

Tongue																				
Hearts																	11	1/4	a	12
Livers.	. 1	96	l	96	21	te	20	ı					ì	ì			39	-	@	40
Livers.																				
Tripe,	80	a	10	de	e	d													-40	5
Tripe,	co	0	k	e	d							ì	ì	ì	ì	ì				5
Lips, s	CE	ı	de	e	î								,							6
Lips,	ur	18	CI	al	le	le	×	1								ı,				5
Lungs										ì			i			i	4	136	@	4
Melts				٠	٠												4	134	a	4
Udder																				4

## Knuckles 43 @44 Insides 43 @44 Outsides 41

BEEF HAM SETS

PANCT MEATS	
(l.c.l. prices)	
Beef tongues, corned35	@36
Veal breads, under 12 oz	67
12 os. up	@79
Oalf tongues, under 11/227	@28
11/4-2	32
Ox tails, under % lb12	14@144
Over % lb12	14@15

WHOLESALE SMOKED M	EAT
Hams, skinned, 14/16 lbs.,	
wrapped58	@63
Hams, skinned, 14/16 lbs.,	
ready-to-eat, wrapped61	@65
Hams, skinned, 16/18 lbs.,	
wrapped57½	g @61
Hams, skinned, 16/18 lbs.,	00*
ready-to-eat, wrapped60	ano
Bacon, fancy trimmed, brisket off, 8/10 lbs.,	
	@56
Bacon, fancy square cut.	600
seedless, 12/14 lbs	
wrapped45	@53
Bacon, No. 1 sliced, 1-lb.	-
open-faced layers58	@65

#### **VEAL—SKIN OFF\***

(Carcass (L.c.l. prices)

	6.00	٠,	•		r	-	•	-	-		
Prime,	80/110										\$42.00@44.00
Prime.	110/150	١			۰				٠		42.00@44.00
											38.00@42.00
Choice,	110/150	)									35.00@38.00
Good,	50/80 .										33.00@36.00
Good.	80/110									4	36.00@39.00
Good,	110/150										36.00@39.00
											28 00@33 00

#### CARCASS LAMBS\*

(l.e.l. prices)

#### CARCASS MUTTON®

Fra

Rol

(B) All

FE

(l.c.l. prices)	
Choice, 70/down None quoted	
Good, 70/down None quoted	
Utility, 70/down None quoted	
*April 30 prices.	

#### SAUSAGE MATERIALS-

FRESH	
ork trim., reg. 40%, bbls.	28
Pork trim., guar. 50%	
lean, bbls	30
Pork trim., 80% lean,	63.10
bbls	5 CE 10
Pork trim., 95% lean,	2.0
bbls.	56
Pork cheek meat, trmd.,	39
bbls	
Bull meat, bon'ls, bbls37	@374
C.C. cow meat, bbls	35
Beef trimmings, bbls27	@274
Bon'ls chucks, bbls	37
Beef cheek meat, trmd.,	
bbls	@214
Beef head meat, bbls19	@19%
Shank meat, bbls	39
Veal trim., bon'ls, bbls34	@344
EDECH BODY AND	

#### FRESH PORK AND

PORK PRODUCTS	
(l.c.l. prices)	
Hams, skinned, 10/1452	@524
Hams, skinned, 14/1652	@524
Pork loins, regular	
12/down, 100's56	@57
Pork loin, boneless, 100's	77
Shoulders, skinned, bone-in,	
under 16 lbs., 100's	38
Picnics, 4/6 lbs., loose33	@331/4
Picnics, 6/8 lbs., loose32	@324
Boston butts, 4/8 lbs	47
Tenderloins, fresh, 10's	92
Neck bones, bbls11	@12
Livers, bbls2414	@25
Brains, 10's	24
Ears, 30's	9
Snouts, lean-in, 100's 94	@10
Feet, s.c., 30's 7	@ 8

#### SAUSAGE CASINGS

SUDSUAL CUSING		
(l.c.l. prices)		
(l.c.l. prices quoted to manufacture of sausage)	acture	28
Beef casings:		
Domestic rounds, 1% to		
1½ in	506	85
Domestic rounds, over	JOHE .	90
114 in 140 pack	85@1	08
Export rounds wide	JU (GE A.	0.,
Export rounds, wide, over 1½ in	30/01	40
Export rounds, medium,	DO ME A	
1%@1%	90@1	00
Export rounds, narrow,	00.65 1.	00
1% in, under	10@1.	40
1% in. under	-06.	
No. 1 weasands, 22 in. up		
22 in. up	960	12
No. 2 weasands	. 49	8
Middles, sewing, 1%@2		-
in	95@1	.06
Middles, select, wide.		
2@2¼ in	55@1	60
Middles, select, extra.		
214 @214 in	95@2	.10
Middles, select, extra, 24,@2½ in		
272 In. or up	75@3	.00
Beef bungs, export.	-	
No. 1	20@	28
No. 1 Beef bungs, domestic	1500	17
Dried or salted bladders,		
12-15 in wide, flat	17@	26
10-12 in, wide, flat	900	10
12-15 in, wide, flat 10-12 in, wide, flat 8-10 in, wide, flat	5@	-
	- 0	- 1
Extra narrow, 29		
mm. & dn	.00@4	.35
Narrow, mediums	-	
29@32 mm	.00@4	.25
Medium, 32@35 mm2	.65@2	2.75
Spec. med., 35@38 mm 1	85.601	90
Export bungs, 34 in, cut.	30@	33
Large prime bungs.		
34 in. cut	21@	24
34 in. cut	15@	16
Small prime bungs	80	11
34 in. cut	50@	00

#### DRY SAUSAGE

(l.c.l. prices)

Cervelat,	ck	à,		1	bi	þ	ľ	1	b	u	n	8	8						39 @	1.0
Thuringer										۰				٠		٠	۰		45@	4
Farmer																			82@	8
Holsteiner					٠	٠									٠			٠	8003	0
B. C. Sal	8.0	n	i				•								٠		0	٠	83@	8
Genoa sty	yle	e		8	le	1	8	2	n	i,		6	ż	١.					92@	9
Pepperoni						0						۰	٠		۰		۰		72@	- 8

DOMESTIC SAUSAGE

(rer brices)	
Fork sansage, hog casings, 45	@ 46
Pork sausage, sheep cas54	@55
Frankfurters, sheep cas 51	@55
Frankfurters, skinless46	@461/9
Bologna46	@48
Bologna, artificial cas36	@411/2
Smoked liver, hog bungs 441/	4@46
New Eng. lunch. spec73	@74
Tongue and blood443	4@45
Souse32	@33
Polish sausage, smoked49	@59
Pickled & Pimiento loaf 36	@461/2
Peppered loaf46	@ 63 1/2
Olive loaf40	@501/2
Smokey snacks52	@ 531/2
Smokey links61	@ 631/2

SPICES

quoted

28

12@46

39 @37½

35 @274 37

@211/4

@34%

.. 15@ 16 .. 8@ 11 ft. 50@ 60

99@1.01 45@ 48 82@ 84 80@ 85 83@ 85 92@ 96 72@ 81

y 2, 1953

#### SEEDS AND HERBS

(l.c.l. prices)	
(l.c.l. prices)	Ground
Whole	for Saus.
Caraway seed 15	20
Cominos seed 28	28
Mustard seed, fancy 28	**
Yellow American 15	**
Oregano 26	33
Coriander, Morocco,	
Natural No. 1 12	17
Marjoram, French 36	47
Sage, Dalmatian,	
No. 1 48	61
CHELLIC MATTER	

SugarRaw, 96 basis, f.o.b. N.Y... 6.40
Refined standard cane gran.,
basis 8.70
Refined standard beet gran.,
basis 8.50

 Refined standard beet gran.
 8.50

 basis
 8.50

 Packers, curing sugar, 100-lb.
 9

 bags, f.o.b. Reserve, La.
 8.40

 Cerelose dextrose, per cwt.
 8.40

 L.C.L. cs-warehouse, Chgo
 7.76

 C/L Del. Chgo
 7.66

Cwt.

9.1	N. Parket		4	8
	1	4		
	A D	8 4		R.
			10 6	
	<b>6</b> 2. [6]			氮
	1 30		4/9	14
	1		日月	
W S	0.64		题自	
7 2			類月	

## WON'T TAINT FOODS!

Damp Walls or Dry! No Interruption to **Business!** 

No need to halt operations, remove food products. warm room, or dry it out.

Apply KOCH ODORLESS DAMP-PROOF ENAMEL in any temperature above 32°F. Dries quickly. Breathes out any water already in the wall, but forms a seal against further moisture penetration. Leaves absolutely no odor or taste in exposed foods!

Withstands cleaning compounds and mild acids. Effectively resists flaking and blistering.

No. 492 — Non-Yellowing Gloss White, per gal. \_\_\_\_\$8

#### Other KOCH Special-Purpose Paints:

KOCH ICE-PROOF ENAMEL — Flows freely in any temperature down to 50° below zero F.

KOCH RUST-NO-MORE — Prevents rust in new metal. Seals off and stops rust after it has started.

KOCH SAFETY FLOOR COMPOUND — Long-wearing, non-skid surface for wood, metal, or concrete floors.

Write today for full information on KOCH paints!

#### PACIFIC COAST WHOLESALE MEAT PRICES

38	LACILIC CONST MHOFE	SALE MEAT	PRICES
3 @33½ 2 @32½ 47	FRESH BEEF (Carcass): Los Angeles Apr. 28	San Francisco Apr. 28	No. Portland Apr. 28
92 1 @12 41/4 @25	Choice: 500-600 lbs. \$36.00@37.00 600-700 lbs. 34.00@36.00	\$38.00@40.00 37.00@38.00	\$38.00@40.00 37.00@39.00
24 9 9¼@10 7 @ 8	Good: 500-600 lbs. 35.00@37.00 600-700 lbs. 33.00@35.00	35.00@36.00 34.00@36.00	37,00@39.00 36.00@38.00
GS	Commercial: 350-500 lbs	$32.00 \ \% \ 34.00$	34.00@37.00
ufacturers	Commercial, all wts 27.00@30.00 Utility, all wts 26.00@28.00	30.00@34.00 27.00@30.00	28.00@33.00 27.00@31.00
	FRESH CALF: (Skin-Off) Choice:	(Skin-Off)	(Skin-Off)
50@ 65	200 lbs. down 42.00@44.00	40.00@44.00	46.00@53.00
85@1.05	Good: 200 lbs. down 40.00@42.00	38.00@40.00	45.00@52.00
1.30@1.40	FRESH LAMB (Carcass) (Spring)	(Spring)	(Spring)
90@1.00	Prime: 40-50 lbs	46.00@ 48.00 44.00@ 46.00	44.00@46.00 43.00@45.00
.1.10@1.40	Choice: 40-50 lbs	46.00@48.00	44.00@46.00
. 12@ 15	50-60 lbs	44.00@46.00 42.00@44.00	43,00@45.00 40.00@45.00
. 9@ 12 . 95@1.06	MUTTON (EWE): Choice, 70 lbs, down 20.00@23.00 Good, 70 lbs, down 20.00@23.00	None quoted None quoted	16.00@20.00 16.00@20.00
.1.55@1.00	FRESH PORK CARCASSES (Packer Style)   80-120   lbs	(Shipper Style) 37.00@38.00 35.00@37.00	(Shipper Style) None quoted 37.00@38.00
.1.95@2.10	FRESH PORK CUTS No. 1:		
.2.75@3.00 . 20@ 21 . 15@ 11	LOINS: 8-10 lbs	66.00@68.00 66.00@68.00 64.00@66.00	64.00@71.00 $64.00@71.00$ $63.00@69.00$
	PICNICS: 4-8 lbs	38.00@40.00	37.00@41.50
. 17@ 20 . 9@ 10	PORK CUTS No. 1: (Smoked)	(Smoked)	(Smoked)
. 5@ 1	HAM, Skinned: 12-16 lbs	60.00@64.00 $59.00@62.00$	60.00@66.00 58.00@63.00
4.00@4.35	BACON, "Dry Cure" No. 1: 6-8 lbs	60.00@62.00	56.00@61.00
4.00@4.25 2.65@2.75 1.65@1.80	8-10 lbs. 52.00@57.00 10-12 lbs. 52.00@57.00 LARD, Refined:	58.00@60.00 54.00@58.00	55.00@60.00 52.00@57.00
t. 30@ 33	1-lb. cartons 15.00@17.00 50-lb. cartons and cans. 14.00@16.00	15.50@16.50 14.00@15.50	14.00@16.00 None quoted
21@ 24	Tierces	13.50@15.50	12.00@15.00

**KOCH Supplies** 

2520 Holmes St Kansas City 8, Mo

#### SAUSAGE-MEAT LOAVES - SPECIALTIES

taste better and sell better when fortified with

#### Garlic and Onion Juices!

These standard strength Liquid Seasonings provide a "Flavor Control" that peps up your products, cuts costs and boosts your profits. Uniform, full-bodied natural flavor is yours the year around by simply adding these potent juices to your present formulas. Go after sales with easy-to-use Liquid Garlic and Onion!

#### VEGETABLE JUICES. INC.

664-666 W. Hubbard St.

Chicago 10, Illinois

Binders SEASONINGS CURES

ARCHIBALD & KENDALL, INC. . 487 Washington St., New York 13

Use "Good-Will" plan to promote

OLD-TYME"

(SHEEP CASING) SAUSAGE PRODUCTS



If you're looking for a sure—yet inexpensive way to promote Frank or Pork Sausage sales—be sure to use our "GOOD-Will." promotion.

You get colorful Posters, Plastic Price Cards and "Good-Will" Coupons enough for 200 stores for only \$89.00. EVERY PIECE CARRIES YOUR BRAND NAME, Write for defails.

PENHEIMER CASING CO. CHICAGO . NEW YORK . SAN FRANCISCO

#### CHICAGO PROVISION MARKETS

From The National Provisioner Daily Market Service

#### CASH PRICES

F.O.B. CHICAGO			BEL	LIES	
CHICAGO BASIS			(Squar	e Cut)	
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29,	1953		Green		Cures
REGULAR HAMS		6- 8 8-10	401/4		42n 42n
Fresh or F.F.A.	Frozen	10-12	401/4		42n
8-1049½n	491/2n	12-14	40		41%n
10-1249½n	493/2n	14-16	371/		39n 39n
12-1449½n	491/2n	16-18 18-20	371/4		381/4 n
14-1649½n	49 1/2 n	18-20	37		08/2n
16-1849½n	491/an				
18-2049½n	491/211		GR. A	MN.	D. S.
20-2248½ n	48½n		BELL		BELLIES
SKINNED HAMS					Clear
		18-20	31n		29 1/2 n
Fresh or F.F.A.	Frozen	20-25	31		291/4
10-1252	52	25-30	281/	,	27n
12-1452	52	30-35	261/	6 27	26
14-1652	52	35-40	231/	@24	241/2
16-1852	52	40-50	23		23
18-2051% @52 513	4 @ 52				
20-2251	51				
22-2451	51		FAT .	BACKS	
24-2651	51			**	0
25-30501/2	50u		Fresh or	Frozen	Cured
25/up, 2's in. 48	48n	G- 8	8n		8n
		6-8	8n		8n
PICNICS		8-10	8n		8%
Fresh or F.F.A.	Frozen	10-12	9n		9%
	% @ 33	12-14	91/	2 n	91/4
6-831 4 @ 31 1/4 31	14 @ 3114	14-16	91/	2@10n	91/2@10
8-1031	31	16-18	11n		11n
10-1231	31	18-20	11n		11n
12-1431	31	20-25	11n		110
8/up, 2's in31	31		BARREL	ED PO	RK
OWNER CELLAR ON	TO CO	Clonw	Fat Back		
OTHER CELLAR CU		Por		60/ 7	028n
Fresh or Frozen	Cured				3027n
Square jowls, .20	20n		31n		025n
Jowl butts17%	19n 1816		31n		25
S. P. iowls	18/2	00/00		100/14	Mirchards

#### LARD FUTURES PRICES

#### FRIDAY, APRIL 24, 1953

	Open	High	Low	Clos
May	10.85	10.87%	10,80	10.85a
July	11.20	11.25	11.171/2	11,20a
0	-25	11.57%	11.50	11.50b
Sept.	11.55		11.00	11.000
Oct.	-04 79			11.60n
Nov.				11.50n
Sal	es: 3,48	0,000 lb	В.	

Open interest at close Thurs., Apr. 23: May 534, July 1,083, Sept. 587, Oct. 49, and Nov. 15 lots.

#### MONDAY, APRIL 27, 1953

May	10.871/9		10.871/2	
July	11,221/2	11.271/2	11.221/2	
Sept.	11.55	11.55	11.521/2	11.521/2
Oct.	11.621/4	11.621/2	11.60	11.60b
Nov.	11.60	11.60	11.60	11.60
Sal	es: 4.84	0:000 lb	8.	

Open interest at close Fri., Apr. 24: May 518, July 1,082, Sept. 597, Oct. 49, and Nov. 15 lots.

#### TUESDAY, APRIL 28, 1953

May	10.871/2	10.87%	10.821/2	10.82 1/2 b
Inly	11.25	11.25	11.10	11.15-10
Sept.	11.50	11.50	11.40	11.40
Oct.	11.60	11.60		11.47 1/2 a
Nov.	11.60	11.60	11.47 1/9	11.47½ a
Sal	es: 5,52	0,000 lb	8.	
	Sept. Oct. Nov.	Fuly 11.25 Sept. 11.50 Oct. 11.60 Nov. 11.60	Iuly         11.25         11.25           Sept.         11.50         11.50           Oct.         11.60         11.60           Nov.         11.60         11.60	Tuly 11.25 11.25 11.10 Sept. 11.50 11.50 11.40 Oct. 11.60 11.60 11.47½

Open interest at close Mon., Apr. 27: May 475, July 1,103, Sept. 609, Oct. 52, and Nov. 15 lots.

#### WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29, 1953

May	10.75	10.77%	10.60	10.621/2
July Sept.	11.121/9 11.371/9			10.971/2a 11.271/3
Oct.	-35 11.32½ 11.25			11.32½b 11.17½b
	es: 9,84			

Open interest at close Tues., Apr. 28: May 451, July 1,109, Sept. 616, Oct. 59, and Nov. 19 lots.

#### THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1953

May	10.57%	10.57%	10.40	10.45b
July	10.95	10.95	10.75	10.80b
Sept.	11.20	11.2214	11.10	11.20a
Oct.	11.25	11.25	11.15	11.25a
Nov.	11.15			11.15a

Sales: 7,000,000 lbs. Open interest at close, Wed., Apr. 29: May 406, July 1,109, Sept. 636, Oct. 66, and Nov. 21 lots.

#### CANADIAN KILL

In its report of March 1953 slaughter of livestock in inspected plants in Canada, the Dominion Department of Agriculture gives the average dressed weight of hogs at 159.3 lbs.; cattle 515.8 lbs.; calves 102.3 lbs.; and sheep and lambs, 46.4 lbs. These weights compare with 163.2, 504.1, 98.3 and 47.2 lbs., respectively, in March, a year earlier. The number of livestock slaughtered in the two months were:

							Mar. 1953	Mar. 1952
Cattle					,		110,946	68,430
Calves		,					63,826	38,775
Hogs							462,424	446,341
Sheep							22,366	16,021

#### PACKERS' WHOLESALE

Refined lard, tierces, f.o.b. Chicago	\$13.75
Refined lard, 50-lb. cartons, f.o.b. Chicago	13.75
Kettle rend., tierces, f.o.b. Chicago	14.25
Leaf, kettle rend., tierces, f.o.b. Chicago	15.75
Lard flakes	18.75
Neutral tierces, f.o.b. Chicago.	18.75
Standard Shortening *N. & S	22.00
Hydrogenated Shortening N. & S	23.75

\*Delivered.

#### WEEK'S LARD PRICES

	P.S. Lard Tierces		d Raw Leaf
Apr. 24	10.80n	9.62%b	10.62%n
Apr. 25	10.80n	9,621/n	10.621/2n
Apr. 27	10.871/n	9.621/an	10.621/n
Apr. 28	10.80n	9.621/n	10.621/2n
Apr. 29	10.60n	9.621/n	10.621/2n
Apr. 30	10.45n	9.75	10.75n
a—asl	ced. b—bid.	n-nom	inal.

#### MARKET PRICES

#### NEW YORK

#### WHOLESALE FRESH MEATS CARCASS BEEF

	Apr. 28, 1953
	Per cwt.
	Western
Prime, 800 lbs./down	.\$39.00@43.00
Prime, 800/900	. 37.50@39.00
Choice, 800 lbs./down	. 37.00@38.50
Choice, 800/900	. 36.00@37.00
Food, 500/700	. 34.00@36.00
Steer, commercial	. None quoted
Cow, commercial	. 27.00@30.00
Cow. utility	. 26.00@28.00

#### BEEF CUTS

Prime:	City
Hindquarter	48.0@ 56.0
Forequarter	35.0@ 36.0
Round	42.0@ 46.0
Hip r'd with flank	41.0@ 44.0
Short loin, untrim	78.0@ 85.0
Short loin, trimmed ?	
Sirloin, butt bone in ?	
Rib	50.0@ 60.0
Arm chuck	33.0@ 35.0
Brisket	20.0@ 22.0
Short plate	9.0@ 10.0
Flank	12.0@ 14.0
Full plates	14.0@ 15.0
Forequarter (Kosher)	33.0@ 36.0
Arm chuck (Kosher)	35.0@ 38.0
Brisket (Kosher)	23.0@ 25.0
Choice:	
Hindquarter	44.0@ 52.0
Forequarter	34.0@ 35.0
Round	42.0@ 45.0
Hip r'd with flank	40.0@ 44.0
Short loin, untrim	65.0@ 68.0
Short loin, trimmed	None quoted
Sirloin, butt bone in !	
Rib	44.0@ 54.0
Arm chuck	32.0@ 34.0
Brisket	20.0@ 22.0
Short plate	
Flank	12.0@ 14.0
Full plates	
Forequarter (Kosher)	30.0@ 33.0
Arm chuck (Kosher)	33.0@ 35.0
Brisket (Kosher)	23.0@25.0

#### FANCY MEATS

(l.c.l. price

(i.c.i, prices	
	Cwt.
Veal breads, under 6 oz	60.00
6 to 12 oz	85.00
12 oz. up	100.00
Beef kidneys	22.00
Beef livers, selected	65,00
Beef livers, selected,	
kosher85.00	
Oxtails, over % lb	35.00

#### LAMBS

	(	L	c	.1	L	1	D	r	ic	6	8	
												City
Prime,	30/40											None quoted
Prime,												\$52.00@54.00
Prime.	50/60									,		48.00@52.00
Choice,	30/40											None quoted

Choice,	30/4	v			0	٠	٠		۰	٠	٠	None quoted
Choice,	40/5	0					٠					52.00@54.00
Choice,	50/6	0										48.00@52.00
Good,										i		None quoted
Good, 4	0/50	4.1					٠					50.00@53.00
Good,	50/60			٠			0	,				48.00@50.00
												Western
Prime.	50/d	01	V	n								\$50.00@54.00
Prime,												48.00@50.00
Prime.	60/7	0										43.00@48.00
Choice,												50.00@54.00
Choice,	50/6	0										48.00@50.00
Good,	all w	ts.				,						47.00@52.00

#### FRESH PORK CUTS

(l.c.l. prices Western

Pork loins, 12/down\$	662.00 @ 64.00
Pork loins, 12/16	60.00@64.00
Hams, sknd., 14/down	58.00@60.00
Boston butts, 4/8 lbs,	48.00@52.00
Spareribs, 3/down	
Pork trim., regular	22.00
Pork trim., spec. 80%	46.00
	City
Hams, sknd., 14/down	860,00@62.00
Pork loins, 12/down	64.00@66.00
Pork loins, 12/16	None quoted
Pienies, 4/8	40.00@42.00
Boston butts, 4/8 lbs	52.00@55.00
Spareribs, 3/down	50.00@53.00

F c a

s e a

to C so lo o do to w

Si

a

ei

m

a

tε

tε

S

0

E

g

c.

21

E

si

he

sh

T

pa

lo

E:

t.a

Th

#### VEAL-SKIN OFF

(l.e.l. prices

	(4.4	. 8			78	8	v	e	ъ.	
										Western
Prime,	80/110			٠	٠					\$40.00@46.00
Prime,	110/150									40.00@45.00
Choice,	50/80 .		۰			٠				36.00@38.00
Choice,	80/110			٠						38.00@42.00
Choice,	110/150					۰				38.00@42.00
Good, 7	50/80			×	×		ě.			34.00@36.00
Good, 8	30/150			۰						35.00@37.00
Comme	rcial, all	W	11	8	١.					30.00@35.00

#### DRESSED HOGS

l.c.l. price

			(1.	e.	. 1	1	91	n	e	e	8	
100	to	136	lbs.									\$36.00@38.50
137	to	153	lbs.									36.00@38.50
154	to	171	lbs.									36.00@38.50
172	to	188	lbs.						٠			36.00@38.50

#### **BUTCHERS' FAT\***

### LIVESTOCK PRICES AT SIOUX CITY

Prices paid for livestock at Sioux City on Wednesday, April 29, were reported as follows:

#### CATTLE:

Steers, ch. & prime	
Steers, choice	20.00@22.00
Steers, com'l & gd	17.00@19.00
Heifers, choice	20.00@21.00
Heifers, com'l & gd	16.00@18.50
Cows, util. & com'l	14.00@16.00
Cows, can. & cut	11.00@13.50
Bulls, good	14.00@15.00
Bulls, util. & com'l	14.00@17.75
Bulls, can. & cut	11.00@12.00
HOGS:	
Good, ch., 190/200	\$22.50@23.50
Good, ch., 209/220	22,50@23,50
Gd., ch., 220/240	22.50@23.50
Gd., ch., 240/270	21.75@23.00
Gd., ch., 270/300	
Sows, 400/down	
AMBS:	
Gd. & ch., wooled	\$24.00@24.50
Gd. & ch., shorn	

#### ADELMANN

The choice of discriminating packers all over the world.

Available in Cast Aluminum and Stainless Steel.
The most complete line offered. Ask for booklet "The Modern Method."



#### HAM BOILER CORPORATION

Office and Factory, Port Chester, N. Y. Chicago Office, 332 S. Michigan Ave.

## BY-PRODUCTS....FATS AND OILS

#### TALLOWS AND GREASES

Wednesday, April 29, 1953

ern (64.00 (64.00 (60.00 (52.00 (50.00

 $\frac{22.00}{46.00}$ 

62.00

quoted 242.00 255.00 253.00

tern

@46.00 @45.00 @38.00 @42.00 @42.00 @36.00 @37.00 @35.00

@38.50 @38.50 @38.50 @38.50

%c lb.n %e lb. %c lb. %e lb.

AT

estock

esday.

ed as

0@ 23.00

0 @ 23.00 0 @ 22.00 0 @ 19.00 0 @ 21.00 0 @ 18.50 0 @ 16.00 0 @ 13.50 0 @ 15.00 0 @ 17.75 0 @ 12.00

0@23.50 0@23.50 0@23.50 5@23.00 0@22.00

DN

1953

Pricewise late last week, the market held on to its steady position, and on Friday a fair volume of trade was recorded. All-hog choice white grease sold at 61/4c, c.a.f. East, prompt shipment. A few tanks of bleachable fancy tallow sold at 4%c, c.a.f. East, from a mideast point. A couple of tanks of bleachable fancy tallow sold at 4%c, and two tanks of prime tallow at 4%c, all c.a.f. Chicago. Two tanks of yellow grease sold at 3%c, and a tank of special tallow at 4c, c.a.f. Chicago. Few tanks of original fancy tallow cashed at 5%c, delivered East, May shipment. Prime tallow was bid at 4%c, c.a.f. East, but without action. Several tanks of yellow grease sold at 4%c, c.a.f. East. Later, two more tanks of original fancy tallow sold at 51/4c, delivered East.

Monday's market was a bid affair; mostly at steady levels, and sellers asked fractionally higher prices. Several tanks of bleachable fancy tallow moved at 4%c, c.a.f. East. On Tuesday, additional tanks of bleachable fancy tallow sold at 43/4 @47/sc, c.a.f. East. A tank of renderers' choice white grease sold at 5c, c.a.f. Chicago. Few tanks of No. 2 tallow sold at 3%c, delivered East. Regular production choice white grease was bid at 5%c; but held at 6c, c.a.f. East. The all-hog choice white grease was offered out at 6%c, c.a.f. East, but met bids of 6%c. A total of six tanks of choice white grease, allhog, sold later at 6%c, c.a.f. East, May shipment. Six tanks of original fancy tallow sold at 5¼c, delivered East. Three tanks of yellow grease, good packer production, sold at 3%c, c.a.f. Chicago.

On Wednesday bleachable fancy tallow traded at 4%c, 4%c, and 5c, c.a.f. East; depending on quality and production. Continued bids of 54c, c.a.f. East in the market on original fancy tallow, but sellers asked fractionally

higher. Another tank of special tallow sold at 4c, c.a.f. Chicago. Several tanks of yellow grease sold at 44c, c.a.f. East; 30-day shipment.

TALLOWS: Wednesday's quotations: edible tallow, 51/2c; original fancy tallow, 41/2@43/4c; bleachable fancy tallow, 41/4@41/2c; prime tallow, 41/8c; special tallow, 4c; No. 1 tallow, 3%c and No. 2 tallow, 34c.

GREASES: Wednesday's quotations: choice white grease, 5@5%c; A-white grease, 41/2c; B-white grease, 31/8 @4c; yellow grease, 3%@3%c; house grease, 3%c; and brown grease, 2% @3c.

#### BY-PRODUCTS MARKETS

Wednesday, April 29, 1953 Blood

				Unit
Unground,	per	unit of	ammonia	Ammonia
(bulk)		7		04.75@5.001
Dimo	-	East	Tanka	na Matanial

#### Digester Feed Tankage Material

Wet re	ndere	d.	m	ns	21	o	111	ne	1.	1	04	)15	95						
Low	test																		·6.00
High	test													 			٠		*5.00
Liquid	stick	tu	n	K	-	a	r	8 .		۰		٠						.3.00	@3.25

#### Packinghouse Feeds

		Carlots,
50%	meat and bone scraps, bagged !	65.00@75.00
50%	meat and bone scraps, bulk	60,00@70.00
55%	meat scraps, bulk	70.00@80.00
60%	digester tankage, bulk	65.00@75.00
60%	digester tankage, bagged	70.00@80.00
80%	blood meal, bagged	115.0
70%	standard steamed bone meal.	220.00
10	bagged (spec. prep.)	60.00
65%	steamed bone meal	55.00@60.00
	Fertilizer Materials	

	To create Marcel 1019	
High grade	tankage, ground, per unit	
ammonia	*******************	4.00@4.25
Hoor meal,	per unit ammonia	6.00@6.25*

#### Day Bondoned Tonkers

		1	,	I	J		4	n		1	Ц	u	t	Ł	1	ť	u	ı		1	4	3	Ц	L	£,	1	g	C				
Low High	test																												*1	P	r u rot @1	ei
		G	•	1	2	ıt	i	n	e	-	8	1	n	d	l	(	G	1	l	1	e		2	31	0	1	el	k		P	wit	

Calf trimmings (limed) \$ 1.5	er cwt.
Hide trimmings (green, salted) *13.0	00@15.00
Cattle jaws, skulls and knuckles,	
per ton	65.001
Pig skin scraps and trimmings,	
per lb	51/2

#### Animal Hair

winter con uried, pur ton	- 19			٠		55,000,00.00
Summer coil dried, per tor						*37.50n
Cattle switches, per piece		 				51/2
Winter processed, gray, lb.						10 @11
Summer, processed, gray, 1	b		۰	9	+	3 @ 4

n-nominal, a-asked.
\*Quoted delivered basis.

#### VEGETABLE OILS

Wednesday, April 29, 1953

The majority of edible oils were slightly weak in price Monday, the exception being peanut oil which was steady but unsold. Actual volume of soybean oil traded was less than ten tanks and some quarters said not over five. Afternoon sales were lacking with buyers and sellers %c apart. Immediate and April shipments did not sell, but some May shipment sold at 13%c. June shipment was bid at 134c and July shipment presumably sold to a speculator at that level.

Cottonseed oil was unchanged to %c lower, depending on source and location. There was limited movement in the Valley at 15%c and the Southeast was pegged nominally at that level. Texas oil trades were recorded at 14% c at common points. The corn oil market was difficult to quote. Some sources placed their views at 14%c while others held firm to a 15c nominal price, but no sales were reported. The asking price of coconut oil was lowered 4c, and spot shipment was offered at 164c.

Activity in the soybean oil market improved Tuesday, but the majority of sales were made in the morning. Refiners were the chief factors in the market and mostly original oil sold. May shipment sold at 13 1/2c, while resale oil cashed at 13%c. No sales of April or immediate oil could be uncovered. First-half June shipment brought 13%c and straight month was also reported to have moved at that price. July shipment was bid at 13 1/4 c.

Cottonseed oil prices were unchanged,

#### EASTERN BY-PRODUCTS MARKET

New York, Apr. 29, 1953 Dried blood was quoted Wednesday at \$5 to \$5.50 per unit of ammonia. Low test wet rendered tankage was priced at \$5 per unit of ammonia. Dry rendered tankage was listed at \$1.10 per protein unit.

#### For REDUCING **PACKING HOUSE** BY-PRODUCTS

Stedman equipment has enjoyed an enviable reputation in the Meat Packing and Rendering Industries for well over 50 years. Builders of Swing Hammer Grinders, Cage Disintegrators, Vibrating Screens, Crushers, Hashers - also complete self-contained Crushing, Grinding, and Screening Units. Capacities 1 to 20 tons per hour.

**Builders of Dependable Machinery Since 1834** 



2-STAGE HAMMER MILLS

STEDMAN FOUNDRY & MACHINE COMPANY INC. General Office & Works: AURORA, INDIANA

but actual trading was difficult to confirm. Volume continued light, and Valley oil reportedly sold at 151/4c. Other sources said offerings were available at 15%c and went unsold. All trade sources were in accord that material did move in Texas at common points at 14%c. Corn oil sold at 15c, although most of the buying interest was at 14%c. Peanut oil held steady and was offered at 22c. Coconut oil continued to decline, with the top offering for spot shipment priced at 16c. Distant positions were offered down to 15 1/4 c.

Vegetable oils declined in price at midweek, with the exception of peanut oil, which was steady, and trading was light to fair. Soybean oil for immediate shipment sold early Wednesday morning at 13%c and further movement was reported at 134c. A fair volume of May shipment traded at 13%@13%c. Original oil was purchased at 131/4c, while resale oil sold at 13%c. June shipment brought 13%c and 13%c on a resale. July was called 13 1/8 c, nominal, and July-August-September reportedly traded at 12%c.

The cottonseed oil market also developed a weaker undertone and Valley oil was available at 15c, but unsold. Offerings in the Southeast were priced at 15%c at special locations, but some thought a "good" bid at 15c could move material. At "good" points in Texas, cottonseed oil cashed at 14%c and 14%c was paid at far western points. Corn oil declined %c to trade to some degree at 14%c. New developments in the peanut oil market were not evidenced, although the market was steady in respect to offering levels. The coconut oil market worked lower, and buyers and sellers expressed their ideas in a wide range. Quick shipment offered at 154c, was bid at 14%c, while May shipment was available at 1/2c less.

A total of 157,500 bbls, of cottonseed oil was consumed during March 1953, as against 232,500 bbls. in February, and 265,200 bbls. in March 1952.

CORN OIL: Sold down 1/4c at midweek from previous sales at 15c.

SOYBEAN OIL: Spotty sales throughout week, declining 1/2c at midweek from previous week's levels.

PEANUT OIL: This market un-

#### VEGETABLE OILS

Wednesday, April 29, 1953	
Crude cottonseed oil, carlots, f.o.b, mills	
Valley	15n
Southeast	15 14 a
Texas	
Corn oil in tanks, f.o.b. mills	14% pd
Peanut oil, f.o.b. Southern mills	22n
Soybean oil, Decatur	13% pd
Coconut oil, f.o.b. Pacific Coast	14% b
	14760
Cottonseed foots,	
Midwest and West Coast 1 6	114
East 1 @	11/8
OLFOWARC ARINE	

	We	dnesd	ny	A	pr	1	1	29	١.	1	9	W	\$			
	domestic															
ellow	quarters			 												
filk e	churned pr	istry		 												
Vater	churned	pastr	y													

#### (F.O.B. Chicago)

unchanged pricewise from the preceding week

COCONUT OIL: Market worked progressively lower. Quick shipment was bid at 14% c at midweek.

COTTONSEED OIL: Declined 1/4 c to %c, depending on location.

Big

at 1

week

mar

regis

mar

went

Shee

cept

P

which

weel

of t

avai

pack

actu

ently

raise

to t

of d

tic t

belie

peri

vano

thou

pric

30,0

day, stee nati tive

tion cow Chic g000

sold brou

Bra stee

shar

Tex

stee

21 1/ T

star

reco

The

A

Cottonseed oil prices in New York were quoted as follows:

#### FRIDAY, APRIL 24, 1953

		Open	High	Low	Close	Prev. Close
May		15.00b			15.00b	15.00h
July		16,95b	****		16.98	17.01
Sept.		15.50b			15,54b	15.59b
Oct.		15.15b			15.15	15.17h
Dee.		15.00b			14.97b	15.02b
Jan.		15.00b			15.00b	15,00b
Mar.		14.95b			14.90b	14.90b
Sil	es: 50	lots.				

#### MONDAY, APRIL 27, 1953

May							17.25b	17.34	17.21	17.22	17.30b	i
July							16.93b	17.09	16.99	17.02	16.98	i
Sept.							15,50b	15.60	15.56	15.56	15.54b	
Oet.		٠					15.13b			15.15b	15.15	
Dec.		٠	٠				14.95b	15.00	15.00	14.97b	14.97h	
Jan.							15.00b			15,00b	15,00b	
Mar.		ì					14.90b			14.90b	14.90b	
Sal	90			1	11	B	lots					

#### THESDAY, APRIL 28, 1953

					4000	
May		. 17.20b	17.22	17.13	17.13	17.22b
July		. 16.99b	17.04	16,93	16.94	17.02
Sept.		. 15,53b	15.57	15,55	15.57	15.56
Oet.		. 15,15b			15,15b	15.15b
Dec.		. 14.92b			14.97b	14.97b
lan.		. 15.09b	****		15,00b	15.00b
Mar.		. 14.90b			14.90b	14.90b
Sul	os : 63	lots				

#### WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29, 1953

May		17.05b	17.11	17.00	17.01b	17.13
July		16,90b	16.91	16.75	16.78	16.94
Sept.		15,50b	15,54	15.49	15.54	15.57
Oct.		15,12b	15.12	15.12	15,11b	15,15b
Dec.		14,95b	14.95	14.95	14.94b	14.976
Jan.		15,00b	15.00	15.00	14.90b	15.00b
Mar.		14.90b			14.90n	14,906
Sal	es: 146	lots.				



#### APCO Packaged CONDENSATION RETURN UNITS

for the SMALL LOW PRESSURE JOBS



10 to 40 lbs. 15, 30 Gallon Receivers



Packaged Duplex Conden-sation Return Unit with No. 4 Series Apco Pumps. Start saving valuable heat units with APCO Square Tank Units. Built to meet demand for a smaller unit with the superb performance of our larger units. Remember, the Pumps are Apcos. No Vapor Binding - Special Provision for Expansion and Con-traction — No Frictional Wear within pump. Thus, ECONOMY. Write for Bulletin 113-ST



DISTRIBUTORS IN PRINCIPAL CITIES **PUMP COMPANY** 

SUBSIDIARY OF THE NEW YORK AIR BRAKE COMPANY 82 Loucks Street, AURORA, ILLINOIS

## MEAT SLAUGHTERING

and

## PROCESSING

By C. E. DILLON

Now \$ 00 305 pages 115 Illus.

Thousands of packers have at last found a way to offset today's rising operating costs. Through the instruction in this book, you, too, can make more profits by adding extra services for your customers.

MEAT SLAUGHTERING and PROCESSING shows you how to plan and build a modern slaughterhouse plant, where to locate, how to plan meat slaughtering, how to where to locate, now to plan meat slaughtering, how to slaughter and dress beef, veal and pork, how to skin and care for hides, and how to render lard for best results. Gives 1,001 hints and suggestions for planning the slaughtering operation for greatest efficiency and safety and details on how to work the plan. Contains hundreds of formulas for sausage making.

Order your copy today from THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER

15 West Huron Street . Chicago 10, Illinois

## **HIDES AND SKINS**

Big packers move production Tuesday at 1c advance—Market quiet at midweek—Small packer and country hide market slow, but higher prices also registered in this category—Calfskin market tight. Offerings at midweek went unsold at slightly higher levels—Sheepskin market mostly steady, except pickled skins which sold sharply higher.

eced-

ment

York

Prev.

15.00b 17.01 15.59b 15.17b

15.02b 15.00b 14.90b

17.30h 16.98 15.54h 15.15 14.97h 15.00h 14.90b

17,22b 17,02 15,56 15,15b 14,97b 15,00b 14,90b

17.13 16.94 15.57 15.15b 14.97b 15.00b

2, 1953

#### CHICAGO

PACKER HIDES: The broad demand which continued up to Friday of last week was carried over into Monday of this week, but supplies were not available. From all appearances, big packers were attempting to test the actual strength of the market, apparently with the idea that bids would be raised in order to fulfill demand. Due to the persistent demand on the part of dealers, export traders and domestic tanners as well, most trade sources believed higher prices would be experienced again this week.

As was anticipated, spot hides advanced 1c in active trading Tuesday, in the big packer hide market. Although all selections did not trade, prices moved up accordingly. About 30,000 hides were sold early in the day, while later movement brought the total up to about 45,000. Light native steers sold at 19c and bell-wether light native cows brought 20 1/2c. Heavy native steers from River point production traded at 16c and heavy native cows, also Rivers, sold at 17½c. Heavy Chicago native cows brought 18c. A good volume of branded steers also sold at the 1c advance and butts brought 141/2c and Colorados 14c. Branded cow sales were at 16 1/2c. Texas steers, which usually sell infrequently, shared Tuesday's activity, and heavy Texas steers sold at 15c, light Texas steers at 17c and extreme lights at

Trading slacked off to almost a standstill at midweek and the only sale recorded in the big packer hide market was about 2,000 light native cows at 20½c. An outside independent packer moved about 1,100 butt-branded steers at 14½c and 650 Colorados at 14c.

SMALL PACKER AND COUNTRY HIDES: Prices advanced in the small packer and country hide market, but movement was light. Offerings were priced too high to encourage good tanner response, which was a possible explanation for the dull situation. Although 50-lb. average small packer hides were quoted at 17c, exceptionally good mostly steer hides were called 171/2c. Sales of 60-lb. average early in the week were heard at 151/2c, but midweek action was lacking. Straight locker butcher country hides were offered at 14@141/2c, but the going market for 50@52-lb, average was believed to be nearer 131/2c.

CALFSKINS AND KIPSKINS: The calfskin market was described as "tight" and, although a major packer offered skins at slightly higher levels, no movement was heard up to midweek. River and small plant April takeoff calf was offered at 60c for the heavies and 55c for the lights. About 1,200 Milwaukees were offered at 57½c and 55c for allweights. No sales of kipskins were reported.

SHEEPSKINS: With the exception of pickled skins, the sheepskin market was mostly unchanged from the previous week. Pickled skins sold as high as 14.50 for both lambs and sheep. There was a good demand for No. 2 and No. 3 shearlings and the No. 2's sold at 1.75 and No. 3's at 1.15. A truck of No. 1 shearlings brought 2.45 and a couple cars of this grade were offered at 2.50, but unsold at midweek. Fall clips were not freely available this week, although choice Imperials sold last week at 3.10 and 3.25. Dry pelts traded at 28c, with additional offerings priced at 29@30c.

Skinning cattle is a skilled operation and can determine the skin's value.

#### CHICAGO HIDE QUOTATIONS

1	PACKER	HII	DES		
	k ended 29, 1953			C	or. Week 1952
Nat. steers16 Hvy. Texas	@19	15 1/4	@18	13	@161/2
strs Butt branded	15		131/2		10n
strs	14%		13%		101/2
Col. strs	14		13		91/2
Ex. light Tex.					
strs	201/3		191/2		14%
Brand'd cows.		15%	@16		121/2
Hy, nat, cows. 171	4@18	16%	@17		131/4
Lt. nat. cows.	201/4		19%		161/4
Nat. bulls13	@1314	12	@ 1216		9n
Brand'd bulls.12	@ 121/2	11	@11%		8n
Calfskins, Nor.					
10/15	47%n		47%n		30n
10/down	45n		45n		27%n
Kips, Nor.					
nat., 15/25.375	6 @ 40n	3714	6 40n		25n
Kips, Nor.	-	-			
branded	32 1/4 n		321/4 n		2136n

#### SMALL PACKER HIDES

STEERS	AND	COW	8:

Sales: 77 lots.

	1@11%r 2@12%r
--	------------------

#### SMALL PACKER SKINS Calfskins, under

Kips, 15/30 Slunks, reg. Slunks, hairless.	32½n 1.50n 40@50n	30n 30n 1,50n 40@50n	28n 20@24n 1.25n 40n
Pkr. shearlings	HEEPSKINS		

	EEPS!	KINS		
Pkr. shearlings, No. 1 2.406 Dry Pelts Horsehides,	2.45 28	2.35@	2.40 28	1.60 28n
untrind	10.00n	9.75@1	0,00n	6.25n

#### N. Y. HIDE FUTURES

#### MONDAY, APRIL 27, 1953

	Op	en High	Low	Clos	16
July Oct. Jan. Apr.	17		18.20 17.65 17.00	18.47 17.90b- 17.15b-	92a 20a
July, Oct.,	'54. 15.5 '54. 15.6	90b 16.15	16.15	16.50b- 16.10b- 15.80n	55a 20a
Sale	s: 42 lot	s.			

#### TUESDAY, APRIL 28, 195

		TUEBD	AY, API	IIL 28, 1	953	3
July		18.40b	18.65	18.45	18.60	
Oet.		17.90b	18.10	17.80	18.03	
Jan.		17.15b	17.29	17.29	17,25b-	35a
Apr.		16.50b			16.70b-	80a
July,	'54.	16.10b			16.40b-	50n
Oct	154	15 80h			16 15b.	250

#### WEDNESDAY APRIL 00 1059

	W	EDNES.	DAY, A	LHIT XA'	1903	
July		18.75	18.75	18.10	18.35	
Oct.		18.20	18.20	17,55	17.72 -	70a
Jan.		17.40b	17.05	16.90	17.00	
Apr.		16.75b			16.40b-	50a
July,	'54.	16.50	16.50	16.20	16.10b-	20a
Oct.,	'54.	16.15b			15.15n	
Sal	es: 12	l lots.				

#### THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1963

	TATO SPOR	mai we	ZEAL GO,	1000	
July	18.20-25	18.25	18.00	18.06b-	15a
Oct	17,65-62	17.66	17.45	17.49	
Jan	16.85ь	16.83	16.70	16.70b-	80a
Apr	16.20b			16.10b-	25a
July, '54.	15.85b			15.80%	95a
Oct., '54.	15,50b		*****	15.55n	
Sales: 9	7 lots.				

The New

### FRENCH CURB PRESS

Will Give You

MORE GREASE PURER GREASE LESS REWORKING GREATER CLEANLINESS

We invite your inquiries

The French Oil Mill Machinery Company

Piqua

Ohio 3089 River Road

## Reco. REFRIGERATOR FANS



blow upwards!

- Keep coils from frosting
- Dry up moisture
- Kill odors

SAVE THEIR COST EACH MONTH



Established 1900

River Grove, III.

#### March Kill By Regions

United States federally inspected slaughter by regions, March, 1953.

(Thousand head)

				Sheep
	Cattle		Hogs &	
Region	1953	1953	1953	1953
N. Atl. States		109	496	211
S. Atl. States	. 26	14	223	
N. C. States-East	. 273	204	1.383	144
N. C. States-N.W	. 384	83	1.731	403
N. C. States-S.W.	. 135	24	476	101
S. Cent. States		66	343	71
Mountain States	. 75	-1	91	83
Pacific States	. 169	29	219	177
	-	-	-	
Total	. 1,299	535	4.962	1,190
Feb., 1953	. 1.170	422	4.550	1.088
March, 1952			5,776	971
Other pulmed of		A constant	Dankson I	1

Other animals slaughtered under Federal inspection (number of head): Mar. 1953; horses 21,945; goats, 2,411; Mar. 1952; horses 26,470; goats 129.

furnished single deck or trainload by:



#### LIVESTOCK BUYERS

Stock Pigs and Hogs Shipped Everywhere!

HEADQUARTERS:

#### National Stock Yards, III.

) UPton 5-1860 Bridge 8394

) UPton 3-4016

Also at Stock Yards in Bushnell, Peoria and Springfield, III.

√ Our country points operate under name of Midwest Order Buyers

All orders placed through National Stock Yards, Illinois

#### FEK'S CLOSING MARKETS

#### THURSDAY'S CLOSINGS **Provisions**

The live hog top at Chicago was \$23.75; average, \$23.10. Provision prices were quoted at follows: Under 12 pork loins, 50@51; 10/14 green skinned hams, 53%; Boston butts, 45@451/2; 16/down pork shoulders, 36½ nominal; 3/down spareribs, 43; 8/12 fat backs, 8%@9%; regular pork trimmings, 25 nominal; 18/20 DS bellies, 29½ nominal; 4/6 green picnics, 32%; 8/up green picnics, 31@311/4.

P.S. loose lard was quoted at 9.75 and P.S. lard in tierces at 10.45 nominal.

#### Cottonseed Oil

Closing cottonseed oil prices in New York were quoted as follows: May 16.90b-95a; July 16.57b-59a; Sept. 15.29; Oct. 14.90b-15.00a; Dec. 14.80; Jan. 14.70b-80a; Mar. 14.65b-85a.

Sales: 296 lots.

#### Grocer Celebrates 25 Years by Posting 1928 Food Price List

A Du Quoin (Ill.) chain grocery store manager recently celebrated his twentyfifth anniversary at the store by posting the same grocery ad he ran in a local newspaper back in 1928. Housewives saved from 3 to 10c per unit of measure on various food items. But, the 25-year-old ad did not list meats, so customers had to pay current prices on that

#### CANADIAN MARGARINE

Oleomargarine production in Canada during March rose to 8,302,000 lbs., according to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. February output on the other hand amounted to 7,578,000 lbs., while March, 1952, production aggregated 8,832,000 lbs. Stocks of margarine on April 1, held by manufacturers, wholesalers and warehouses amounted to 2,576,000 lbs. compared with 2,995,000 lbs. a month earlier and 2,585,000 lbs. a year ago.

#### PHILADELPHIA FRESH MEATS

(Tuesday, April 28)

WESTERN DRESSED	
BEEF (STEER):	
Prime, 600-800 None	quoted
Choice, 600-800\$38.00	
Choice, 800-900 37.00	@38.50
Good, 500-700 35,75	@37.50
Commercial, 350-600 32.50	@34.00
Commercial, 600-700 32.50	@34.00
cow:	
Commercial, all wts 29.00	@33.00
Utility, all wts 29.00	@31.00
EAL (SKIN-OFF):	
Choice, 80-110 42.00	@44.00
Choice, 110-150 42.00	
Good, 50-80	@38.00
Good, 80-150	@42.00
20 00	C 90 00

ket

ger

Fo por

wh ers

at

for

2.3 dre

wh

rai

sid

ret

mo

de

ing

An

cia

ua

cul the

To

cre

pa

Cal

ler

Be

ad

w

to

ca

st

as

all

eial.	all	1	v	ts	ò			î		î	ì	ì		i	í			•	Ĩ		32.00@36.00
all	wts																				26.00@30.00
30/45	i .										٠		٠				۰	۰			52.00@54.00
45/55	5 .				,													۰		,	49.00@52.00
55/6	5 .											,						0			44.00@49.00
30/43	5.													۰	٠						51.00@53.00
45/53	5.				,		,				۰			٠							48.00@51.00
55/6	5 .				٠	0		,						۰		٠		0			43.00@48.00
	30/45 45/55 55/65 30/45 45/55	30/45 . 45/55 . 55/65 . 30/45 . 45/55 .	all wts.  30/45 45/55 55/65 30/45 45/55	30/45 30/45 55/65 30/45 45/55	all wts 30/45 45/55 30/45 30/45	all wts	45/55 55/65														

Utility, all wts	40.00@45.00
Clinty, all wis	10.000 10.00
PORK CUTS-CHOICE LOINS:	
(Bladeless included) 12/down	63 00@65 00
(Bladeless included) 12-16	
(Bladeless included) 16-20	None quoted

RUTTS BOSTON STYLE, 4-8

#### SPARERIBS, 3 lbs. down ...... 48.00@50.00

LOCALLY	DRE	SSED	
CUTS:	Pri	me	Choice
600/800.\$49	.00@	53.00	\$46.00@49.00
nk 44	.00@	47.00	44.00@47.00
th flank. 43	1.00@	46.00	42.00@45.00
ntrmd 57	.00@	62.00	48.00@52.00
trmd107	6.00@	115.00	75.00@80.00
	0.00@	11.00	9.00@11.00
5!	5.00@	58.00	46.00@48.00
31	.00@	33.00	31.00@33.00
ek 36	0000	32.00	30.00@32.00
29	2.00@	24.00	22.00@24.00
9	0.00@	12.00	9.00@12.00
	CUTS: 600/800.\$49 ak	CUTS: Pri 600/800.\$49.00@ dk 44.00@ th flank 43.00@ ntrmd. 57.00@ trmd. 105.00@ 55.00@ ck 30.00@	LOCALLY DRESSED CUTS: Prime 600/800.\$49.00@53.00 nk 44.00@47.00 nt mank 43.00@46.00 ntrmd. 57.00@62.00 trmd. 105.00@115.00 55.00@58.00 31.00@33.00 nc 32.00 22.00@24.00 9.00@12.00

#### CHICAGO HIDE MOVEMENT

Receipts of hides at Chicago for the week ended April 25, 1953, were 4,978,-000 lbs.; previous week, 5,907,000 lbs.; same week 1952, 3,530,000 lbs.; 1953 to date, 85,924,000 lbs.; same period 1952, 75,847,000 lbs.

Shipments for the week ended April 25, 1953, totaled 4,492,000 lbs.; previous week, 4,062,000 lbs.; corresponding week, 1952, 4,152,000 lbs.; this year to date, 61,319,000 lbs.; corresponding week, 1952, 66,025,000 lbs.

OLD PLANTATION SEASONINGS

A. C. LEGG PACKING COMPANY, INC.

EIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

FOR OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY WE HAVE SOLD BLENDED QUALITY SAUSAGE SEASONINGS

## LIVESTOCK MARKETS Weekly Review

#### Argentina Raises Retail, Wholesale Beef Prices

quoted 0@40.00 0@38.50 5@37.50 0@34.00

0@44.00 0@44.00 0@38.00 0@42.00 0@36.00 0@30.00

0@54.00 0@52.00 0@49.00 0@53.00 0@51.00 0@48.00 0@50.00 0@45.00

e quoted

0@50.00

Choice

0@49.00

0@47.00

00@47.00 00@45.00 00@52.00 00@80.00 00@11.00 00@48.00 00@33.00 00@32.00 00@24.00 00@12.00

NT

or the

4,978,-

0 lbs.;

953 to

1 1952,

April

evious

onding

ear to

onding

NGS

2, 1953

In an effort to ease the beef shortage in Buenos Aires, and to encourage marketing of better quality animals, Argentina has increased beef prices, the Foreign Agricultural Service has reported. Price increases were granted at wholesale and retail levels and to packers to be passed on to farmers who sell at "Liniers," and direct to frigorificos for export.

Price increases range from 0.9 to 2.3¢ per lb. live weight for good steers. but prices on lower grade cows were dropped about 0.9¢ per lb. The new wholesale prices for sides of steers range from 26.8¢ to 31.8¢ lb., and cow sides, 23.1 to 28.1¢ per lb. New official retail prices range from 36.3 for common beef cuts to 85.3¢ per lb. for tenderloin.

#### Cattlemen Meet in Denver

Cattlemen from 25 states, representing the executive committee of the American National Cattlemen's Association met in Denver the past week to discuss problems of the current situation which is bringing financial difficulty to the industry and threatening the nation's future supply of beef. Topics discussed included the livestock credit situation, problems relative to subsidies on feed, control of cattle propagation and a special beef promotional campaign and reciprocal trade prob-

#### Beet Pulp a Cheap Feed

Recent tests conducted at the Colorado A & M Experiment Station indicated that low-priced sugar beet pulp, when used in proportion of one-third to two-thirds corn, makes an economical cattle feed. It was found during the study that steers fed this ration gained as fast as similar animals fed the combined ration on a 50-50 basis, or even all corn-and at a much smaller cost.

#### Livestock Exports, Imports During Month of February

Exports and imports of livestock during February, as reported by the

	Feb. 1953	Feb. 1952
	Number	Numbe
EXPORTS (domestic)		
Cattle, for breeding	1.154	260
Other cattle		69
Hogs (swine)		122
Sheep		41
Horses, for breeding		7
Other horses		218
Mules, asses and burros		1,000
MPORTS-		
Cattle, for breeding, free-		
Canada—		
Bulls		99
Cows		1,070
Cattle, other edible (dut.) -		
Canada <sup>1</sup> —		
Over 700 pounds(Dairy		2,250
* (Other		734
200-700 pounds		734
Under 200 pounds		483
Mexico-		
Over 700 pounds(Duir	v	
(Other		4.001
200-700 pounds	.25.512	
Under 200 pounds	. 60	
Other countries-		
· Over 700 pounds(Dair	y 23	
200-700 pounds		
Hogs→		
For breeding, free		6
Edible, except for breeding		U
(dut.)2	. 5	4
	,	
Horses-		
For breeding, free		4
Other (dut.)	. 27	36
Sheep, lambs and goats, edible		
(dut.)		223

<sup>1</sup>Excludes Newfoundland and Labrador. <sup>2</sup>Number of hogs based on estimate of 200 pounds per animal.

#### **CORN-HOG RATIO**

The corn-hog ratio for barrows and gilts at Chicago for the week ended April 25, 1953 was 14.8, according to a report by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This ratio compared with the 13.8 ratio reported for the preceding week and 9.4 recorded for the same week a year ago. These ratios were calculated on the basis of yellow corn selling for \$1.582 per bu. in the week ended April 25, 1953, \$1.573 per bu. in the previous week and \$1.808 per bu. for the same period a year earlier.

#### Wool Industry Leaders Discuss "Self-Help" Plan

An informal group of about 15 wool industry leaders conferred in Washington recently on a plan to set up an industry corporation to carry out the government's price support program for for wool on a "self-help" basis. The purpose of the meeting was to study plans to set up a private corporation, operating with government backing, to take over the job of stabilizing wool prices and moving American wool into consumer channels, now done by the Commodity Credit Corporation.

The wool industry feels that the CCC is too preoccupied with other problems to effectively dispose of its wool obliga-

#### Truck Chicago Beef to Cal.

A truckload of 30,000 lbs. of prime beef, earmarked for delivery at a San Francisco restaurant, left the Chicago Stock Yards, last week. The refrigerated load of ribs and loins from Angus steers that sold on the Chicago market at \$24.50 per cwt. during the week, was the fore-runner of more of such shipments to restaurants along the West Coast, A short ceremony marked the departure of the vehicle with its cargo of fine beef.

#### Mexican Cattle Exports to U.S. At 234,500; Recent Trade Slack

Mexican cattlemen have sent about 234,500 head of cattle into the United States in the period September 1, 1952 to about the middle of April, 1953, border trade sources have estimated. Present movement northward across the border at El Paso is a "mere trickle" compared with the 50,000 a month which came over in the first few months. Other import stations report a similar falling off in traffic. The main reason cited for the drop in the rate of shipments to the U.S. is the low market

#### LIVESTOCK PRICES AT 11 CANADIAN MARKETS

Average prices per cwt. paid for specific grades of steers, calves, hogs and lambs at 11 leading markets in Canada during the week ended April 18, compared with the same time 1952, were reported to THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER by the Canadian Department of Agriculture as follows:

STOCK YARDS	STI	OOD EERS p to 00 lb.	CAL	CAL LVES d and oice	HOG Gr. Dres	B1	LAM Gd Handyw	
	1953	1952	1953	1952	1953	1952	1953	1952
Toronto				\$29,25		\$25.60	\$26.25	\$29.65
Montreal Winnipeg		26,00 22,63	21.50 24.00		27.10 23.60		24.00	22.00
Calgary	18,83	22.14	25,93	33.11	24.90	23.35	22.80	
Edmonton Lethbridge		22.00	26,50 23,00		24.50 24.70		21.75 21.50	
Pr. Albert	16.80	22.00	22.50	28,75	22.60		19.00	
Moose Jaw Saskatoon		19.10	22.00 27.00		23.60 22.60	23.60	23.00	
Regina	17,60		24.50		22.60			
Vancouver	16.75		26.00	33.50	26.75	25.85	****	***

<sup>\*</sup>Dominion Government premiums not included.



#### LIVESTOCK PRICES AT LEADING MARKETS

Livestock prices at five western markets on Tuesday, April 28, were reported by the Production and Marketing Administration as follows:

St. L. N.S. Yds. Chicago Kansas City HOGS (Includes Bulk of Sales):

BARROWS	& GIL	TS:				
160-180 1 180-200 1 200-220 1 220-240 1 240-270 1 270-300 1 300-330 1	bs	18,75-21.00 20,75-22.75 22,50-23,65 23,50-23,75 23,50-23,75 23,25-23,75 22,75-23,60 22,25-22,90 None rec.	None rec. \$19,00-21.50 20,50-23.25 23.00-23.65 23.25-23.65 23.25-23.65 23.25-23.50 22.50-23.50 22.25-23.00 None rec.	None rec. None rec. None rec. 23.25-23.50 23.25-23.50 23.25-23.40 None rec. None rec.	None rec. \$19.25-22.75 22.75-23.75 22.75-23.75 22.75-23.75 22.75-23.50 21.75-22.50 21.00-22.00 21.00-22.00	None Fec. \$21.00-22.00 21.75-23.25 23.00-23.50 23.00-23.50 23.00-23.50 22.50-23.00 22.00-22.75 22.00-22.25 None Fec.
Medium:		None rec.	None rec.	None rec.	19.00-22.75	None rec.
SOWS:			arone reer	atome ace,	20100 02110	arone reer
Choice: 270-300 1 300-330 1 330-360 360-400 400-450	lbs lbs lbs	21.75 only 21.75 only 21.50-21.75 21.25-21.50 20.75-21.25 19.50-20.75	None rec. 22.00-22.25 21.50-22.00 21.00-21.75 20.50-21.25 19.75-20.75	21.50 only 21.50 only 21.00-21.50 20.50-21.25 20.25-20.75 19.75-20.50	20.75-22.00 20.75-22.00 20.75-22.00 20.75-22.00 19.25-21.00 19.25-21.00	21.00-22.00 21.00-22.00 20.50-22.00 20.00-21.50 19.00-20.50 19.00-20.50
Medium: 250-500	lbs	None rec.	19.00-21.00	None rec.	18.25-21.50	None rec.
SLAUGHTE	ER CAT	TLE & CAL	VES:			
STEERS:						
Prime: 700- 900 900-1100 1100-1300 1300-1500	lbs	23,00-24,50 23,50-25,00 23,50-25,00 22,50-24,50	23.25-25.00 22.75-25.00	22,25-23,75 22,25-24,25 22,00-24,25 21,25-24,00	22.00-24.00 22.50-24.50 22.25-24.50 21.00-24.00	22.00-24.00
Choice: 700- 900 900-1100 1100-1300 1300-1500	lbs lbs	21.00-23.50 21.50-23.50 21.50-23.50 21.00-23.00	21,25-23,25 21,00-23,25 20,50-23,25	20.25-22.25 20.25-22.25 19.75-22.25 19.50-22.00	20.00-22.25 20.00-22.50 19.75-22.25	20.50-22.50 20.50-22.50 20.00-22.00
Good: 700- 900 900-1100	lbs	19.00-21.50 19.50-21.50	19.50-21.25	18.50-20.25 18.50-20.25	18.50-20.00	18.50-20.50 18.00-20.50

1100-1300 lbs	19.50-21.50	19.25-21.00	18.00-19.75	18.25-19.75	18.00-20.50
Commercial.					
all wts	17.50-19.50	17.00-19.75	16.50-18.50	16.25-18.50	16.00-18.50
Utility, all wts.	16.00-17.50	15.50-17.00	14.00-16.50	14.25-16.25	15.00-16.00
HEIFERS:					
Prime:					
600- 800 lbs	23.00-24.50	22.75-23.50	22.00-23.25	21.75-23.25	22.50-23.50
800-1000 lbs	22.50-24.00	22.75-23.50	22.00-23.25	21.25-23.25	22.00-23.50
Choice:					
600- 800 lbs	21.00-23.00	21.00-22.75	19.75-22.00	19.00-21.75	20.00-22.50
800-1000 lbs	20.50-22.50	20.75-22.75	19.50-22.00	19.00-21.50	19.50-22.00
Good:					
500° 700 lbs	19.00-21.00	19.50-21.00	17.50-19.75	17.50-19.00	18.00-20.00
700- 900 lbs	18.50-20.50	19.00-21.00	17.50-19.75	17.00-19.00	18.00-20.00
Commercial,					
all wts	17.00-19.00	16.50-19.50	16.00-17.50	15.25-17.50	15.50-18.00
Pression will serve	17 00 17 00	4E 00 10 E0	10 50 10 00	* * * * * * *	4 4 TO 4 TO

Ctility, all wis. 15,00-11.00	10.00-10.00	10.00-10.00	14.00-15.25	14.00-10.00
cows:				
Commercial,				
all wts 14.50-16.00	14.75-16.25	14.25-15.50	14.50-15.75	14.00-16.00
Utility, all wis. 13.50-14.50 Canner & cutter,	13.50-14.75	12.75-14.25	13.00-14.75	13.50-15.50
all wts 10.50-13.50	10.75-13.75	10.00-12.75	11.00-13.00	11.00-13.50
BULLS (Yrls. Excl.) All Weig	ghts:			
Good None rec.	14.50-16.50	None rec.	12.00-14.00	14.00-14.50
Commercial 15.50-16.50	17,75-19.00	15.00-15.50	15.50-17.50	14.00-14:50
Utility , 14.50-15.50	15.75-17.75	14.00-15.00	13.50-15.50	15.00-17.00
Cutter 13.00-14.50	14,25-15,75	12.50-14.00	12.50-13.50	14.50-16.50
VEALERS All Weights:				

Cutter 18.00-14.50	14.25-15.75	12.50-14.00	12.50-13.50	14,50-16.56
VEALERS, All Weights:				
Choice & prime. 21.00-28.00	25.00-26.00	21.00-25.00	25.00-27.00	23.00-27.00
Com'l & good 16.00-21.00	17.00-25.00	15.00-21.00	18.00-25.00	17.00-23.00
CALVES (500 Lbs. Down):				
Choice & prime 20.00-24.00 Com'l & good 15.00-20.00	19.00-23.00	19.00-21.00	20.00-25.00	22,00-24,00
Com 1 & good 15.00-20.00	19.90-19.00	14.00-19.00	16.00-20.00	15,00-22.00

SHEEP & LAMBS:				
LAMBS (110 Lbs. Down) (Wo	oled):			
Choice & prime. 24.00-25,23 Good & choice. 22.75-24.00			24.25-25.50 21.75-24.50	25,00-25,50 21,00-25,00
LAMBS (105 Lbs. Down) (She	orn);			(wooled)
Choice & prime 23,00-24,00 Good & choice 22,00-23,00		$\substack{22.00\text{-}24.00 \\ 20.00\text{-}22.50}$	$\begin{array}{c} 22,00\text{-}23.50 \\ 21.00\text{-}22.25 \end{array}$	$\substack{25.00 - 25.50 \\ 21.00 - 25.00}$
EWES (Shorn):				
Good & choice. 6.00-8.00 Cull & utility 5.00-7.00		6.00- 7.00 4.50- 6.00	None rec. None rec.	8.00- 8.50 6.00- 7.75



#### SLAUGHTER REPORTS

Special reports to THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, showing the number of livestock slaughtered at 13 centers.

	A MOST TO		
C.	ATTLE		
	Week		Cor.
	ended	Prev.	Week
	Apr. 25	Week	1952
	26.027	24.539	15,754
	18,470	14,912	11,958
Omaha*1	22,260	23,696	20,950
E. St. Louist.	9,768	9,227	5,024
St. Joseph:	11,517	9,969	627
Sioux City!	12,471	11,282	9,547
Wichita*‡ New York &	4,160	3,642	2,574
Jersey Cityt	10,381	10,097	6,891
Okla. City*	4,865	4,906	2,328
Cincinnatis	4,451	4,108	3,445
Denvert	13,109	12,514	5,627
St. Pault	15,343	15,481	14,435
Milwaukee‡	3,949	4.107	3,947
Total1	56,772	148,480	103,107
	HOGS		
Chicago:	29,446	36,352	43,920
Kansas Cityt.	10,462	9,847	15,685
Omaha*:	19,521	25,093	54,996
E. St. Louist.	27,794	29,708	37,231
St. Joseph!	18,802	21,302	8,314
Sioux City!	18,189	18,357	31,176
Wichita*:	9,458	3,064	14,605
New York &			
Jersev Cityt	44,859	43,121	50,291
Okla, City*t	10,006	8,987	14,440
Cincinnatis	11,170	12.748	16,605
Denvert	11,223	19,190	7.142
St. Pault	27,851	26 9 13	54,050
Milwaukeet	5,756	5,948	7.628
Total	244.539	253.602	356 083
	SHEEF	•	
Chicago:	4.078	4.161	9,455
Kansas Cityt.	8,680	6,999	10,749
Omaha*t	8,029	7,697	12,642
E. St. Louist.	1.769	1,002	2,540
St. Joseph!	7,180	10,031	2.472
Sioux City:	5,678	4.274	2,574
Wichita*‡ New York &	2.609	2.623	5.615
Jersey Cityt	43,630	38,640	40,590
Okla City*+	3,419		1,814
Cincinnatis	216	114	179
Denvert	9.108	8 745	5.987
St. Pault	1,831	3.098	2,737
Milwaukeet	297		422
Total	96,517	89,662	97,776
*Cattle and	calves		

†Federally inspected slaughter, including directs. tStockyards sales for local slaugh-

\$Stockyards receipts slaughter, including directs

#### BALTIMORE LIVESTOCK

Livestock prices at Balti-more, Md., on Wednesday, April 29, were as follows:

\$22.75 only
20.00@22.0
18,00@20,0
15,00@16.0
15,00@ 16,0
13,00@14,0
9,00@11,0
15,00@17 0
12,50@13.5
4
\$25,00@29.0
20,00@25,0
16,00@ 20 0
19.00@15.0
\$23,75@24.0
19.50@20.5
None rec.

#### **NEW YORK RECEIPTS**

Receipts of salable livestock at Jersey City and 41st st., New York market for week ended Apr. 25:

1	Cattle	Calves	Hogs*	Sheep
	Salable 207 Total (incl.	511	572	4
	directs)5,850 Prev. week:	3,164	21,431	22,27
	Salable 229 Total (incl.	71	369	
	directs7,526	2,414	20,512	31,42

#### CHICAGO LIVESTOCK

Supplies of livestock at the Chicago Union Stockyards for current and comparative periods:

#### RECEIPTS

Cattle	Calves Hogs Sheep
Apr. 23 2,696	335 9,829 2,66
Apr. 24 672	209 11,156 1,92
Apr. 25 389	110 4.819
Apr. 2717,007	329 9,383 4,815
Apr. 28 9,600	500 14,000 3,800
Apr. 2913,100	300 11,500 3,500
*Week so	
far39,707	1,129 34,883 12,18
Wk. ago., 46,688	1,324 29,598 12,200
Yr. ago32,061	1,356 45,606 15,544
2 yrs. ago.30,217	1,548 44,162 5,704
*Including 200	cattle, 8,165 hors
and 4,779 sheep d	lirect to packers,
SHIP	MENTS

1 00 0.000		4 505	2004
Apr. 23 3,220		1,585	581
Apr. 24 2,124	30	1,609	128
Apr. 25 333		705	***
Apr. 27 5,309		1.077	1,518
Apr. 28 3,000		1,000	1.000
Apr. 29 3,000		1,500	1,500
Week so			
far11,309		3,577	4,018
Wk. ago 17,004	56	2.866	2,957
Yr. ago12,712	51	4.930	5.702
2 yrs. ago. 9,440	260	2,981	2,526
APRIL 1	RECEI	PTS	

Armo Swift Wilse Bute Other

To

Armicuds
Swif
Wils
Corn
Eagl
Neb
Gr.
Hoff
Rott
King
Mer
Mid

T

hor

#### 1953

attle											11	91,086	126,771
'alves							٠					7,780	7,508
logs											24	42,748	305,383
Sheep											-	70,946	75,586
			A	F	P	R	I	I	1	B	H	IPMENTS	- 10
		•	_	_			•				_	1953	1952
attle												79,148	51,963
Hogs H	lo	2	8									21,227	21,510
sheep												21,621	25,455

#### CHICAGO HOG PURCHASES

Supplies of hogs cago, week ended	Wed., Ap	ril 29:
	Week ended Apr. 29	Week ended Apr. 22
Packers' purch Shippers' purch	34,028 6,589	31,761 5,888
Total	40,617	37,641

#### LIVESTOCK PRICES AT LOS ANGELES

Prices paid for livestock at Los Angeles on Wednesday, April 29, were reported as shown in the table below:

Steers,	choice	\$2	3.25@28.
Steers	gd. & ch	2	2.00@23.0
Steers.	com'l & s	gd 2	1.50 only
Heifer	s, good & c	h 2	1.00@21.
Heifer	s, util. & c	om'l. 1	5.00@17.0
Cows.	com'1	1	5.00@17.
Cows.	utility	1	3.50@16.
Cows.	can, & cut.	1	1.00@13.
Dulle	cull & uti	1 1	5.00@21.0

CARACT AND .
Choice & prime\$26.00@28.00
Good & choice 21.50@23.00
Util. & com'l 15.00@19.00
Culls & util 12.00@16.00
HOGS:
Good & ch., 215/250\$25.00 only Sows, 320/500 19.00@19.50
SHEEP: Lambs, util. & gd\$20.50 only

#### CANADIAN KILL

Inspected slaughter in Canada for week ended April 18:

C.	ATTLE	
	Period Apr. 18	Same Wk. Last Yr.
Western Canada Eastern Canada		7,562 10,961
Total	. 26,054	18,463
	HOGS	
Western Canada Eastern Canada		48,868 88,489
Total		137,857 145,624
	HEEP	1.10,000

3.024

Total ..... 3,522

Western Canada. Eastern Canada..

PACKERS' PURCHASES

TOCK

the Chi

logs Shee logs Sheq ,829 2,60 ,156 1,92 ,819 ,383 4,815 ,000 3,80 ,500 3,50

,883 12,115 ,598 12,20 ,606 15,54 ,162 5,76 ,165 hospackers.

1,518 1,000 1,500

4,018 2,987 5,782 2,526

8

rs 1952 51,968 21,519 25,455

CHASES

ed at Chi-pril 29: Week eudel Apr. 22 31,70 37,641

ICES

LES

estock at

dnesday,

orted as

below:

3.25@23.75 22.00@23.05 21.50 only 1.00@21.76 5.00@17.00 3.50@16.00 1.00@13.00 5.00@21.00

5.00 only 9.00@19.50

0.50 only

in Can-April 18:

Same Wk. Last Yr.

18,463 48,868 88,489

145,624

. 1953

CILL

Purchases of livestock by packers at principal centers for the week end-ing Saturday, April 25, 1953, as re-ported to The National Provisioner:

CHICAGO

Armour, 3,627 hogs; Wilson, 2,316 hogs; Agar, 4,659 hogs; shippers, 6,765 hogs; and others, 18,844 hogs. Total: 28,027 cattle; 1,614 calves; 36,211 hogs; and 4,078 sheep.

KANSAS CITY

	Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep
Armour	2.677	990	2.090	2,362
Swift	3.801	1.004	2,152	2,897
Wilson			3,028	
Butchers .		2	761	
Others			2,431	3,421
Totals	16,474	1,996	10,462	8,680

OMARA

Calves	Hogs	Sheep
Armour 8,143	7,330	1,349
Cudahy 296	1,458	
Swift 7,686	5,539	3,972
Wilson 3,516	4,275	2,389
Cornhusker 753		
Engle 91		
Neb Beef 582		
Gr. Omaha 587		
Hoffman 105		
Rothschild 537		
Both 1,475		
Kingan 1,610		
Merchants 132		
Midwest 124	***	
Omaha 478	***	
Union 591		
Others	11,206	
Totals26,706	29,808	8,710

E. ST. LOUIS

		W11 19 W			
		Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep
Armour		2,759		7,396	859
Swift .		3,452	1.843	10,027	910
Hunter				6,811	0.00
Heil				2,173	***
Krey					
Laclede				1,219	
Totals		7,339	2,429	27,794	1,769

ST. JOSEPH

Totals** .12,851 2,581 19,684 5,846 *Bo not include 318 cattle, 1,870 hogs and 1,334 sheep direct to packers.	Swift Armour Others .	3,812	338 242	9,575 7,357 2,752	
	*Do no hogs and	t includ	e 318	cattle,	1,870

SIOUX CITY Cattle Calves Hogs Sheep 5 905 2 4.407 1.682

Armour	1.1900		4,404	1,00%
Cudahy	3.092		7,214	1,322
Swift	1.178		4,983	1,520
Butchers .	475	1		
Others1	0,482	1	12,371	59
Totals 2	4,132	3 5	28,974	4,583
	WIC	ATIH		
C	attle (	Jalves	Hogs	Sheep
Cudahy	1.357	341	2,651	2,609
Kansas	316			
Dunn	76			
Dold	167		750	
Sunflower			50	

Dunn
Dold ... 167
Sunflower.
Ploneer ...
Excel ... 716
Others ... 1,225 341 3,451 2,609 Totals . . 3.857

	Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheer
Armour	1,505	71	1.077	651
Wilson .	1,489	277	1,323	1,176
Butchers	. 274		1,365	
Totals*	. 3.268	348	3,765	1.82
*Do no	ot includ	e 1,068	cattle	e. 18
calves, 6	3.241 her	gs and	1.585	sheer
direct to				

Cattle Calves Hogs Sheep

Armour	203	10	401	
Cudahy				
Swift	524		2	
Wilson	134			
Acme	770	24		
Atlas	675			
9	797			
	634			
Clougherty.			431	
Coast	178		310	
Commercial	975		***	
Bridgeford.	50		121	
Gr. West	401		100	
Transcript.				
Harman	328	0.00		
Luer	98		553	
Others	3,886	658	414	
	-	-	-	
Totals	9,019	752	2,282	

	Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep
Armour	1,586	108	2,922	8.238
Swift	2,095	177	3,500	6,683
	1,102	91	1,896	388
	1,141			
Others	5,867	218	2,360	664
Totals	11,791	594	10,678	15,993
	CINC	INNAT	1	
	Cattle	Calves	Hogs	Sheep
Gall				206
Kahn's				
Meyer				
Schlachter.	38	170		
Northside				***
Others	2,986	1,209	11,811	10
Totals	3,024	1,379	11,811	216
	ST.	PAUL		

Cattle Calves Hogs Shee 5,034 2,338 9,879 71 Armour 5,034 2,338 9,879 717
Bartusch 994 2,338 1,757
Cudahy 1,112 80 187
Rifkin 914 54 ...
Superior 1,727 ...
Swift 5,562 3,863 17,972 927
Others 2,578 1,854 5,653 2,753 Totals . . 17,921 8,189 33,504 4,584

FORT WORTH Cattle Calves Hogs Sheep Armour 1,022 1,450 556 11,514 Swift 1,663 1,176 539 13,908 Blue Bonnet 629 95 195 (15) City 352 25 ... ... Rosenthal 408 43 ...

Totals . . 4,074 2,789 1,290 25,422

#### TOTAL PACKER PURCHASES

	Ended Apr. 25	Prev. Week	Week 1952
Cattle	 .166,483	158,775	108,383
Hogs	 .219,714	224,128	311.364
Sheep	 . 84,317	76,503	58,112
Sheep	 . 84,317	76,503	58,11

#### LIVESTOCK RECEIPTS

Receipts at 20 markets for the week ended April 25, with comparisons, are shown in the following table:

***	Cattle	Hogs	Sheep
Week to	274,000	371,000	151,000
Previous week	267,000	380,000	169,000
Same wk. 1952 . 1953 to	. 211,000	520,000	142,000
	4.022,000	7,578,000	2,652,000
	3,403,000	9,970,000	2,503,000

#### PACIFIC COAST LIVESTOCK

Receipts at leading Pacific Coast markets, week ending April 23: Cattle Calves Hogs Sheep Los Angeles 9,600 975 2,300 1,850 N. Portland 2,550 290 1,725 400 S. Francisco 550 35 1,625 1,050

#### CORN BELT DIRECT TRADING

Des Moines, Ia., April 29-Prices at the ten concentration yards and 11 packing plants in Iowa and Minnesota were:

Hogs, good to choice:

Cam	hal	4		1		_	_		_		41 -
440-550	lbs.				0	٠		۰		18.50@	20.00
Sows:											
270-300	lbs.	*	•			,		5		20.25@	21.00
240-300										20.25@	
240-300			٠							20.60@	22.50
180-240										21.50@	
160-180	lbs.									\$19.75@	

Corn belt hog receipts the U. S. Department of Agriculture:

	-							
April	23						32,500	56,500
April	24						49,500	43,000
April	25						27,000	25,500
April	27				2		50,000	35,000
April	28						39,000	26,000
April	29			٠			39,000	24,500

#### MEAT SUPPLIES AT NEW YORK

	AT HEN TORK
(Receipts reported by the U.S.D.A., Pr	oduction & Marketing Administration)
STEER AND HEIFER: Carcasses	BEEF CURED:
Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 15,099	Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 56,772
Week previous 19 841	Wook apprious 71 7:10
Week previous         13,641           Same week year ago         11,203	Week previous
Same week year ago 11,200	Same week year ago 10,561
COW: Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 781 Week previous 1,118	PORK CURED AND SMOKED:
Week ending Apr. 25, 1953, 781	Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 463,836
Week previous 1,118	Week previous 485,464
Same week year ago 1.078	Same week year ago 590,039
BULL:	LARD AND PORK FATS:
Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 607 Week previous	Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 9,000
Same week year ago 521	Week previous 16,072
Same week year ago 521	Same week year ago 18,894
VEAL:	and the sail for the same of t
Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 16,750 Week previous	LOCAL SLAUGHTER
Week previous	CATTLE:
Same week year ago 11.894	
Same week grant ago tritti water	Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 10,381
LAMB:	Week previous 10,087
Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 36,768	Same week year ago 6.891
Week previous	
Same week year ago 30.400	CALVES:
Same week year ago 30,400	Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 9,030
MUTTON:	Week previous 8.730
	Same week year ago 7,031
Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 1,008	comme mean grown age treets
Week previous	HOG8:
Same week year ago 547	Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 44,859
7700 1100 DEG	Week previous
HOG AND PIG:	Same week year ago 50,291
Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 3,000	Same week year ago oo.asz
Week previous	SHEEP:
Same week year ago 11.592	
	Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 43,630
PORK CUTS:	Week previous 38,640
Week ending Apr 25 1953 1 275 339	Same week year ago 40,590
Week ending Apr. 25, 1953.1.275,332 Week previous	
Same week year ago1,240,674	COUNTRY DRESSED MEATS
	VEAL:
BEEF CUTS:	
Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 103,288	Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 5,862
Week previous 123,131	
Same week year ago 1,200	Same week year ago 6,104
VEAL AND CALF CUTS:	HOG:
	Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 12
Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 16,118	Week previous 15
Week previous 4,200	Same week year ago 9
Same week year ago 5,000	Dame des Jest ago
LAMB AND MUTTON CUTS:	LAMB AND MUTTON:
	Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 198
Week ending Apr. 25, 1953. 624 Week previous	Week previous 138
Same week year ago	Same week year ago 110

#### SOUTHEASTERN RECEIPTS

Receipts of livestock at eight southern packing plants located at Albany, Columbus, Moultrie, Thomasville and Tifton, Georgia; Dothan, Alabama; and Jacksonville, Florida, during the week ended April 24:

	Cattle	Calves	Hogs
Week ending April 24	2,819	658 1,341 522	6,360 8,232 8,301

#### WEEKLY INSPECTED SLAUGHTER

Slaughter at major centers during the week ending April 25, was reported by the U.S. Department of Agriculture as follows:

City or Area	Cattle	Culves	Hogs	& Lambs
			-	
Boston, New York City Area1	11,508	10.727	48,482	49,870
Baltimore Philadelphia	6,609	1,001	24,315	1,130
Cincinnati, Cleveland, Detroit,				
Indianapolis	16,844	5,901	77,497	7,537
Chicago Area	28,304	5,335	61,974	16,334
St. Paul-Wisconsin Area 2	27,426	27,666	73,284	8,477
St. Louis Area3	13,942	5,712	73,443	6,903
Sioux City	11,443	5	20,393	6.274
Omaha	26,708	694	33,369	12,701
Kansas City	14.739	3,772	23,686	12,293
Iowa-So, Minnesota4	29,455	9.076	178,399	28,588
Louisville, Evansville, Nashville,			-10,000	Not
Memphis	8.099	8.622	39.307	Available
Georgia-Alabama Areas	5.871	2.047	16,344	4111
St. Joseph, Wichita, Oklahoma City	18,402	2,105	37,767	13.644
Ft. Worth, Dallas, San Antonio	17.815	6,665	14.206	23,925
Denver, Ogden, Salt Lake City	14.051	974	13.382	11,829
Los Angeles, San Francisco Areas	24.815	2,308	23,053	28,915
Portland, Seattle, Spokane	5.839	374	9,149	3.947
Grand Total		92,984	768,250	232,387
Total previous week		96,920	829,893	218,813
Total same week, 1952		74.692	992,641	181.386
Autal same week, 1002,	00,012	01,000	002,041	101,000

"Includes Brooklyn, Newark and Jersey City, "Includes St. Paul, 80, St. Paul, Newport, Minn., and Madison, Milwankee, Green Bay, Wisc. "Includes St. Louis No. "Includes St. Louis No. "Includes St. Louis No. "Includes Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Fort Dodge, Mason City, Marshalltown, Ottumwa, Storm Lake, Waterloo, Iowa, and Albert Les, Austin, Minn. "Includes Birmingham, Dothan, Montgomery, Ala., and Albany, Atlanta, Columbus, Moultrie, Thomasville, Titon, Ga. "Includes Los Angeles, Vernon, San Francisco, San Jose, Vallejo, Calif."
(Receipts reported by the U.S.D.A., Production & Marketine Administration) (Receipts reported by the U.S.D.A., Production & Marketing Administration)



#### WEEKLY SPECIALS!

We list below some of our current efferings for sale of machinery and equipment available for prompt ent at prices quoted F.O.B. shipping points. Write for Our Bulletins—Issued Regularly

DESIGNED SPECIALLY FOR PACKING PLANT USE
NEW 8. A. I. STEEL LOCKERS
15" wide, 18" deep, 60" high, with sloping top,
16" high legs, coat hooks, and seat brackers.
Single row—three wide
NOW REDUCED TO
per opening \$18.95 f.o.b. Chicago, III.
Discounts on quantity purchases.

Sausage Equipment

ac edarbment
5845-SLICER: U.S. HD-3, with shingling con-
veyor, 6' stainless steel wrapping table
with center conveyor\$1350.06
5850-SLICER: U.S. \$150, with shingling con-
veyor, like new 575.06
5862—SLICER: Link Belt. with 2 HP. motor 475 00
5883-PORK SKINNER: Townsend, mdl. #35.
ser. #35293A, 2-#3537 blades, 3 ph. mo-
tor, practically brand new, used 2 weeks 1195 00

tor, practically brand new, used z weeks... 5638—BACON SKINNER: Dohm & Nelke Rind-master with 1 HP, motor 5351—FROZEN MEAT SLICER: Keebler Eng. Co. mul. 296-A guillotine type, less motor 425.00 Discovery With A SLICER: Keebler Eng. Co. mdl. 296-A guillottne type, less motor I: SAUSAGE CAGE: single center column SAUSAGE CAGE: single center column could be colored to the column 1300 00

.85 6026—SAUNAGE COOK TANK: 2 compartment, cooking the condition of the cooking th 175.00 100 00

Hobart, class R.J.A., ser. 2495702, special 2525A5. 2 H. 2000 20 HP. motor ... GRINDER: Burfalo 256-B. new head and worm. with 5 HP. motor ... MEAT GRINDER: Burfalo 241, 4" plates, V-belt and 3 HP. motor ... SAUSAGE STUFFER: Boss 5002 cap. with 2 stuffing valves and horns and two-stuffing valves and horns and two-styuffers. Randal 4002 cap. with 2 stuffing cocks, alr control piping and head resket. 625.00

950.00 5838gasket 5972-MIXER: Buffalo 24A, with motor sprocket, 775.00

Rendering

6058—COOKER: French Oil, 5' x 10', all welded steel constr. jacketed heads, complete with fittings. 20 HP. motor . . . . . \$3250.00 5897—COOKERS: (2) Boss, 4' x 10'5', 60002 cap, jacketed heads, roller chain drive. 5290—HYDRAULIC PRESS: French Oil, 150 5273—HYDRAULIC PRESS: French Oil, 150 5273—HYDRAULIC PRESS: 300 ton with 3 stere nume, come, with all fittings 5427—HYDRAULIC CURB PRESS: French Oil, 450 ton, 247 curb, \$1000.00 worth of new 1550.00

parts, excellent 5719—HYDRAULIC STEAM PUMP: 7 x % 385.00

-CRUSHER: Stedman, with new 30 HP GE, motor, new set of teeth, 28" x 17" All Offerings Subject to Confirmation and Prior Sale.

WRITE FOR FULL PARTICULARS DISPLAY ROOMS and OFFICES 1401 W. Pershing Rd. (39th St.) U. S. Yards, Chicago 9, III. CLIffside 4-6900

## BARLIANT & (

. New, Used & Rebuilt Equipment Liquidators and Appraisers

### BARLIANT'S CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Unless Specifically Instructed Otherwise, All Classified Advertisements Will Inserted Over a Blind Box Number.

Undisplayed: set solid. Minimum 20 words, \$4.00; additional words, 20c each. "Position wanted," special rate: minimum 20 words, \$3.00; additional words, 15c each. Count

address or box numbers as 8 words. Head-lines 75c extra. Listing advertisements 75-per line. Displayed, \$8.25 per inch. Co-tract rates on request.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING PAYABLE IN ADVANCE, PLEASE REMIT WITH ORDER.

#### PLANT WANTED

WILL PURCHASE: Processing plant in New York City. Approximately 20,000 square feet. PW-173, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 18 East 41st St., New York 17, N. Y.

#### PLANTS FOR SALE

FOR SALE: Complete plant for slaughtering, processing, sausage making, retail and custom butchering Consists of ground 20 feel, validable, 20 capital of ground 20 refrigerated display, 2 pair Toledo scales, register, cube machine. Storage room next to killing floor. Power meat saw, meat grinder, silent cutter, 54 stuffer, 3 maple work beaches, lard rendering equipment. Smoke house, hog scalder and scraper, 2 electric hoists, elevator, artery pump, automatic killing pens, stock pens and other miscellaneous equipment. Built 5 years ago and making money ever since. First \$12,000 takes it. Less than half the cost. Illness reason for selling, F8-169, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 15 W. Huron St., Chicago 10, Ill.

PLANT FOR SALE AT SACRIFICE

In Phoenix—fastest growing city in nation. Arizona's best small plant. Last year did % million business. Complete, most modern equipment, including Boss dehairer with hoist, Atmos smokehouse, modern sausage kitchen, three large and three smaller coolers. Financial reasons require sale, offered at large reduction under actual value for fast action. Contact owner—Max Jungbauer, P.O. Box 190 or phone Alpine 4-1556, Phoenix, Arizona.

MEAT: WHOLESALE-RETAIL. Going business. (no slaughtering). Beautiful operation for large scale operator. 23' x 45' cooler, overhead track rails, 18' x 10' freezing room, Diesel generator, etc. \$20,060.00 required. Will finance small balance. Excellent lease.

#### FAIRWAY MEAT SUPPLY

12625 W. Dixie Highway North Miami, Florida

#### RENDERING PLANT

Two late model cookers, hydraulic press and 4 late model trucks fully equipped. Three car tallow storage. Dead stock and offal. Concrete block building. Located western Oklahoma. Price \$40,000.00. FS-168, THE NATIONAL PROVISION-ER, 15 W. Huron St., Chicago 10, III.

FEDERALLY INSPECTED: Beef and calf killing plant in north Texas. Rate 10 cattle or 20 calves per hour. Rate can be increased 50% easily and economically. Good livestock area. Plant and equipment in A-1 condition. Priced as a bargain. Write BOX F8-174. THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 15 W. Huron St., Chicago 10, Ill.

#### PACKING PLANT FOR SALE

Well established plant with complete operation and doing an excellent sausage business. Capacity 1200 hogs, 150 cattle per month. Located in well populated section. This is a going business with unlimited possibilities. FS-171. THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 15 W. Huron St., Chicago 10, Ill.

SAUSAGE MANUFACTURING: And large self-service store combined in large city in the east. 25 years in business. All modern equipment. Suitable for sausage maker and store man as partners. \$25,000-\$35,000 stock. Will show books for past 10 years. \$60,000 will handle. Owner will finance balance for man who knows meat business. FS-180, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 18 East 41st St., New York 17, N. Y.

SAUSAGE FACTORY: In Massachusetts, Wholesale and retail. Modern equipment. Doing good business. Wonderful opportunity for someone who has the experience. FS-175. THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 18 East 41st St., New York 17, N.

#### **EQUIPMENT WANTED**

SMALL SAUSAGE MAKER: In Pennsylvania is need of a Randall 100 lb. stuffer, a \$32 Buffas cutter with 10 H.P. 3 phase motor. Also a Dos kettle of approximately 80 to 100 gallon capacity and a small meat mixer equipped with motor as having a capacity of 100 to 200 lbs. EW-179, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER, 15 W. Huron St., Chicago 10, Ill.

WANTED: 500 ton curb press, 4 x 10 cooke, lard roll, Anderson duo and super duo expeller, filter presses. Contact Box EW-S3, THE NA-TIONAL PROVISIONER, 18 East 41st St., New York 17, N. Y.

#### **EQUIPMENT FOR SALE**

ANDERSON EXPELLERS All Models. Rebuilt, guaranteed, or AS IS. PITTOCK & ASSOCIATES, Glen Riddle, Peas.

1—Buffalo Silent cutter ... 2002
1—Globe Stuffer ... ... 2005
1—Globe Grinder ... ... 7½ HP
1—Day Mixer ... ... 3502
Other mise, equipment including alum, steel jacket kettle, smokehouse trees, sileer, Toledo dial page scale. All in excellent condition, new in 1948 except cutter

FS-182. THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER 15 W. Huron St. Chicago 10, III

#### BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

SERVICE WANTED: A federally inspected plant to can certain meat products under our label and by our formulas. W-177, THE NATIONAL PRO-VISIONER, 15 W. Huron St., Chicago 10, Ill.

Now handling meat line wanted to take on corn beef products. State distributorships open, GI qualifications. Commissions. W-176, THE N. TIONAL PROVISIONER, 15 W. Huron St., Cl cago 10, Ill.

#### ATTENTION! MEAT BUYERS

Super markets-Hotels-institutions-chandlers WE ARE OFFERING ALL OR PART

300,000 lbs. U. S. Gov't graded commercial NEW ZEALAND STEER BEEF

fore and hind quarters in equal amounts PRICE 24¢ lb. F.O.B. NEW YORK CITY offering subject to prior sale

FS-181, THE NATIONAL PROVISIONER 18 East 41st St. New York 17, N.

#### PLANT FOR RENT

COOLER U. S. GOV'T INSPECTION WESTCHESTER MARKET BRONX, N. Y.

Up to 6,000 sq. ft. Can be increased. Also freezers, offices, dressing rooms, very large storage, etc. Available now.

B. J. AXELROD 501 E. 57th St., New York City

PL. 9-1456

G

WIII Be

Head ents 75s h. Cos

ania ia la 2 Buffabo a Domo capacity notor and 179, THE uron St.,

o cooke, expellen. HE NA-St., New

E

S & AS 18.

eel jacke dial pan 1948 ex-

ONER go 10, III.

IES

eted plant label and AL PRO-0, Ill.

on corned pen. Give THE NA-St., Chi-

- 1

ERS

ART
mercial
EEF

ounts CITY

ONER 17, N.

ON

sed. oms, now.

PL. 9-1450

2, 1953